



# STI Roadmaps for Sustainable Development Goals

Policy Framework for SDGs in Serbia  
Overview of priority SDGs



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## Goal 1: No Poverty

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
1.1	By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day	4. Improving human rights and security	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth	
1.2	By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	4. Improving human rights and security	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth	Economic institutions and the reform agenda
1.3	Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services 4. Improving human rights and security	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth	Economic institutions and the reform agenda
1.4	By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services 4. Improving human rights and security	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth Vulnerable population groups	
1.5	By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters	4. Improving human rights and security 3. Efficient and effective provision of public services	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth	
1.a	Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions	4. Improving human rights and security 1. Connectivity, partnership and integration of Serbia with Europe and the		

world

1.b	Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services	4. Improving human rights and security	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth Vulnerable population groups
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## Goal 2: Zero Hunger

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
2.1	By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round			Vulnerable population groups
2.2	By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	4. Improving human rights and security 7. Roma, as a vulnerable or marginalized group facing a wide gap	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth Vulnerable population groups	
2.3	By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment			
2.4	By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality			

- By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed
- 2.5
- Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries
- 2.a
- Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round
- 2.b
- Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility
- 2.c



## Goal 3: Good Health and Well-being

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
3.1	By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births		Health and education	Integrated national health policy
3.2	By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services 4. Improving human rights and security 7. Roma, as a vulnerable or marginalized group facing a wide gap	Health and education	Integrated national health policy
3.3	By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases		Health and education	Integrated national health policy
3.4	By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being		Health and education	Integrated national health policy
3.5	Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services	Health and education	
3.6	By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents			
3.7	By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services	Health and education	Integrated national health policy

3.8	Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services 4. Improving human rights and security	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth Health and education
3.9	By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination		
3.a	Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate		
3.b	Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all		Integrated national health policy
3.c	Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States		
3.d	Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services	



## Goal 4: Quality Education

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
4.1	By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes			
4.2	By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education	5. Education for the 21st century 7. Roma, as a vulnerable or marginalized group facing a wide gap	Health and education Vulnerable population groups	Education and culture for all
4.3	By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	5. Education for the 21st century	Health and education	Education and culture for all
4.4	By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship	5. Education for the 21st century	Decent work	Education and culture for all
4.5	By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations	4. Improving human rights and security 5. Education for the 21st century		
4.6	By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy			
4.7	By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global	5. Education for the 21st century		Education and culture for all

citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development

4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all

By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries

4.b By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States

Education and culture for all



## Goal 5: Gender Equality

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
5.1	End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	4. Improving human rights and security	Vulnerable population groups	
5.2	Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation		vulnerable population groups	
5.3	Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation	4. Improving human rights and security 5. Education for the 21st century 7. Roma, as a vulnerable or marginalized group facing a wide gap"		Good governance, equity, rule of law and the Reform Agenda
5.4	Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate			
5.5	Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life	4. Improving human rights and security		Good governance, equity, rule of law and the Reform Agenda
5.6	Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services 4. Improving human rights and security		Good governance, equity, rule of law and the Reform Agenda

5.a	Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws	Vulnerable population groups
5.b	Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women	
5.c	Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels	4. Improving human rights and security 6. Transformative digitalization



## Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

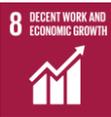
Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
6.1	By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all			
6.2	By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations			
6.3	By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services		Climate resilient and risk-informed sustainable development
6.4	By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity			Climate resilient and risk-informed sustainable development
6.5	By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate			
6.6	By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes			
6.a	By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies			
6.b	Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management			



## Goal 7: Affordable and Clean Energy

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
7.1	By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services			Climate resilient and risk-informed sustainable development
7.2	By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix		Energy efficiency	
7.3	By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency		Energy efficiency	
7.a	By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology		Energy efficiency	
7.b	By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support			



## Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
8.1	Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries		Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth	
8.2	Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors	2. Achieving a faster, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, based on the economic, scientific and innovative potential	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth	
8.3	Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services	2. Achieving a faster, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, based on the economic, scientific and innovative potential	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth	Economic institutions and the reform agenda
8.4	Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10- Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead			Economic institutions and the reform agenda
8.5	By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young		Decent work Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic	Economic institutions and the reform agenda

	people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value		growth Vulnerable population groups
		2. Achieving a faster, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, based on the economic, scientific and innovative potential	Vulnerable population groups
8.6	By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	4. Improving human rights and security	Economic institutions and the reform agenda
8.7	Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms		Good governance, equity, rule of law and the Reform Agenda
8.8	Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services 4. Improving human rights and security	
8.9	By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products		Risk of regional disparities
8.10	Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all		
8.a	Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries		
8.b	By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization		Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth



## Goal 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
9.1	Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all		Cross-cutting issues	
9.2	Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries		Risk of regional disparities	Innovation for sustainable development
9.3	Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets	2. Achieving a faster, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, based on the economic, scientific and innovative potential	Risk of regional disparities	Innovation for sustainable development
9.4	By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities	2. Achieving a faster, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, based on the economic, scientific and innovative potential	Cross-cutting issues	Innovation for sustainable development

9.5	<p>Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending</p>	<p>2. Achieving a faster, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, based on the economic, scientific and innovative potential</p>	<p>Innovation for sustainable development</p>
9.a	<p>Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States</p>		
9.b	<p>Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities</p>	<p>2. Achieving a faster, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, based on the economic, scientific and innovative potential</p>	
9.c	<p>Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020</p>	<p>6. Transformative digitalization</p>	



## Goal 10: Reduced Inequalities

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
10.1	By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	4. Improving human rights and security		Economic institutions and the reform agenda
10.2	By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	4. Improving human rights and security 7. Roma, as a vulnerable or marginalized group facing a wide gap"	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth Vulnerable population groups	Good governance, equality, rule of law and reform agenda
10.3	Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard	4. Improving human rights and security 7. Roma, as a vulnerable or marginalized group facing a wide gap"	Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth Vulnerable population groups	Good governance, equality, rule of law and reform agenda
10.4	Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services 4. Improving human rights and security	Decent work Inclusive and environmental sustainable economic growth Vulnerable population groups	Economic institutions and the reform agenda
10.5	Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations			
10.6	Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective,			

credible, accountable and legitimate institutions

- 10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies
- 10.a Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements
- 10.b Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes
- 10.c By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent



## Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
11.1	By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums			
11.2	By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons	3. Efficient and effective provision of public services	Vulnerable population groups	
11.3	By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries			
11.4	Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage			
11.5	By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations			
11.6	By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management			Climate resilient and risk-informed sustainable development
11.7	By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities		Vulnerable population groups	

- |      |  |                              |
|------|--|------------------------------|
| 11.a | Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning  | Risk of regional disparities |
| 11.b | By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels |                              |
| 11.c | Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials   |                              |



## Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
12.1	Implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries			
12.2	By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources			
12.3	By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses			
12.4	By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment			
12.5	By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse			
12.6	Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle			
12.7	Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities			
12.8	By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature			

12.a Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production

12.b Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products

12.c Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities

Risk of regional disparities



## Goal 13: Climate Action

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
13.1	Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries			Climate resilient and risk-informed sustainable development
13.2	Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning		Cross-cutting issues	Climate resilient and risk-informed sustainable development
13.3	Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning			
13.a	Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible			Climate resilient and risk-informed sustainable development
13.b	Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities		Vulnerable population groups	



## Goal 14: Life Below Water

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
14.1	By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution			
14.2	By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans			
14.3	Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels			
14.4	By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics			
14.5	By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information			
14.6	By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an			

integral part of the World Trade  
Organization fisheries subsidies  
negotiation[c]

14.7 By 2030, increase the economic benefits to small island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism

14.a Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries

14.b Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets

14.c Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of "The future we want"



## Goal 15: Life on Land

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
15.1	By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements			
15.2	By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally			
15.3	By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world			
15.4	By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development			
15.5	Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species		3. Efficient and effective provision of public services	
15.6	Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed			
15.7	Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products			
15.8	By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on			

land and water ecosystems and control  
or eradicate the priority species

- |      |   |   |
|------|---|---|
| 15.9 | By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts   | 3. Efficient and effective provision of public services |
| 15.a | Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems  |   |
| 15.b | Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation |   |
| 15.c | Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities  |   |



## Goal 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
16.1	Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere			
16.2	End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children			Good governance, equity, rule of law and the Reform Agenda
16.3	Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all			
16.4	By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime			
16.5	Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms		Cross-cutting challenges	
16.6	Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels		Cross-cutting challenges	
16.7	Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels			
16.8	Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance			
16.9	By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration			Good governance, equity, rule of law and the Reform Agenda
16.10	Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements			
16.a	Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and			

crime

16.b Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development



## Goal 17: Partnerships for the Goals

### Complete list of challenges matching the SDG goals and targets

Target ID	Target name	Serbian Voluntary National Review	Serbia Sustainable Development Issues: A Baseline Review	UN Policy Support for Advancing SDG Progress in Serbia
17.1	Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection		1. Connectivity, partnership and integration of Serbia with Europe and the world	
17.2	Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries			
17.3	Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources			
17.4	Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress			
17.5	Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries			
17.6	Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved		1. Connectivity, partnership and integration of Serbia with Europe and the world	

- coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism
- Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed
- 17.7 Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology
- 17.8 Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation
- 17.9 Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda
- 17.10 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020
- 17.11 Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access
- 17.12 Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence
- 17.13 Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development
- 17.14
1. Connectivity, partnership and integration of Serbia with Europe and the world

17.15	Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development	
17.16	Enhance the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries	1. Connectivity, partnership and integration of Serbia with Europe and the world
17.17	Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships	1. Connectivity, partnership and integration of Serbia with Europe and the world
17.18	By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts	Other dimensions
17.19	By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries	