

Stairway to Excellence (S2E)

Achieving better synergies between ESI Funds and other EU Funding Programmes

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Background on Pilot "Synergy" Project

Fragmentation of innovation policies at EU level (SEG 2011)

- Sub-optimal coordination of R&I as well as CPs at European, national and regional level, both within and between these levels;
- Lack of common strategies related to Europe 2020;
- Lack of a coherent and interacting governance structure;
- Weak complementarities / compatibilities / interoperability of policies and programmes, particularly regarding the regional dimension in R&I policy and the R&I dimension in regional policy;
- Lack of instruments aimed at supporting the pooling of European and national funds;
- Poor communication, coordination and cooperation between actors and stakeholders at all levels.

Synergies as the alignment of and cooperation between policy frameworks, programmes and actions allowing more and better attainment of their objectives.



Rationale

Supporting synergies in the use of two EU funding sources (ESIF & Horizon 2020) may deliver additional gains in terms of:

- > innovation results
- close the innovation gap in Europe
- promote economic growth

The overall political rationale of identifying synergies between ESIF, H2020 and other R+I programmes is to **maximize impact** and **efficiency of public funding.**

- Innovation funds increased under cohesion policy from 6% of the funds in the 2000-06 period to around 25% in the 2007-13 period
- Roughly 9% of the public spending on R&I in the EU came from the EU budget, divided almost equally between the 7th FP & the ESIFs



Objectives

S3P supports MSs & Regions to design and upgrade their RIS3 by identifying a limited number of R&D and industrial activities with high innovation potential.

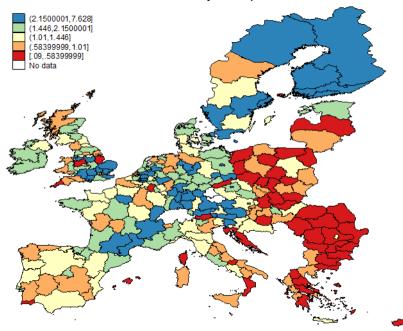
- ➤ This innovation potential may be further reinforced & developed by using ESIFs in order to make catching-up MSs & regions more competitive in <u>spatially blind & excellence-based</u> H2020 calls.
- ➤ Beyond a stronger <u>innovation generation capacity</u>, there is room for increasing the <u>innovation absorption capacity</u> by new MSs in the context of past FP projects.

The project would have **two main objectives**, namely:

- ➤ The provision of assistance to <u>EU13</u> to enhance the value of these two EU funding sources for R&I by promoting their combination;
- > Stimulating the early and effective implementation of national and regional Smart Specialisation Strategies.



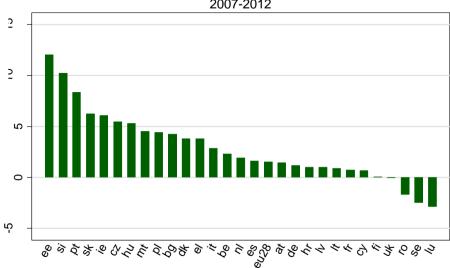
Regional R&D Intensity as a % of GDP 5 Country Groups



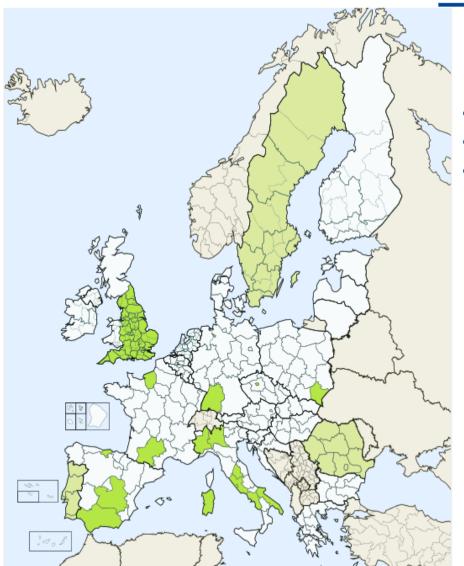
Source: JRC/IPTS

R&D Investments

Difference - R&D & GDP Growth 2007-2012







Eye@RIS3

- Research & Innovation Capabilities
- Business Areas & Target Market
- EU Priority

EU Priority

Aeronautics & space



Select

Aeronautics & space

Blue growth

Cultural & creative industries

Digital Agenda

Nature & biodiversity

KETs

Public health & security

Service innovation

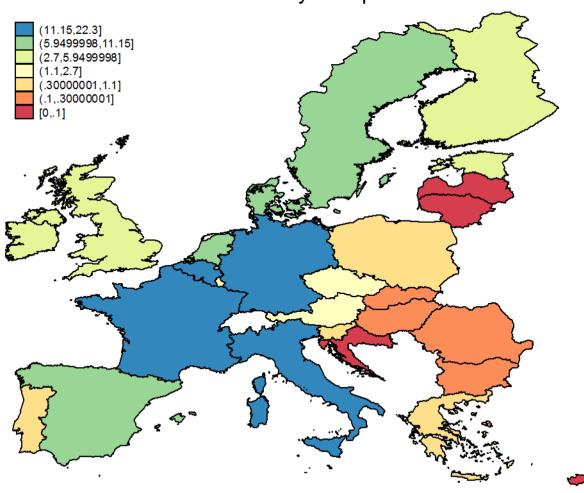
Social innovation

Sustainable innovation

Specific local policy priority



Space-Related GBAORD Per Capita 7 Country Groups

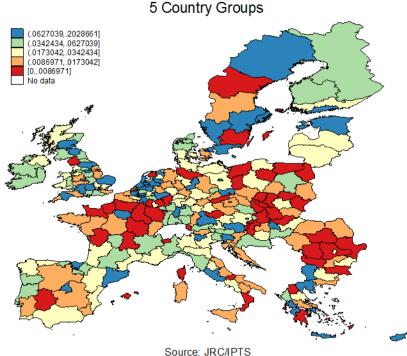


Source: JRC/IPTS

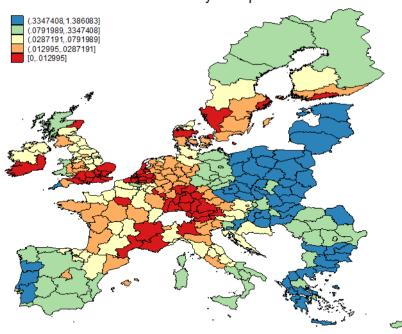


Funding Distribution of 7th FP and SFs





SF-based R&D Intensity as a % of GDP 5 Country Groups



Source: JRC/IPTS

Guess What:

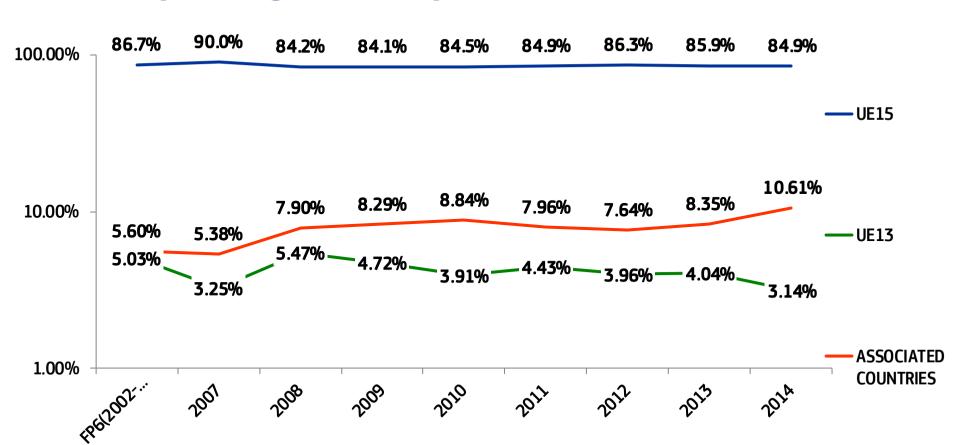
EU SK 0,039 0,572

0,022 0,026 1,751 21,640



Where do we Stand?

Share of EC FP7 contribution received between 2007 and 2014 (starting from FP6)





Horizon 2020

(but also COSME, ERASMUS+, CREATIVE EUROPE)

DIFFERENCES:

- Non-territorial, mainly transnational approach based on Place-based approach supporting economic and social cohesion excellence: Horizon 2020 does not take into account geographic specificities in allocating funding.
- Focus on individual R&I Projects tackling the whole cycle of . innovation, taking into account strategic approaches at EU level, e.g. through European Innovation Partnerships and the Strategic Energy Technology plan (although some programmes are aimed at co-funding for research coordination like ERA-NETs, etc.)
- beneficiaries or managed by a multi-country entity:
- Competitive calls for proposals addressed to international groupings (including beyond the EU) without geographic preallocation (European Research Council and Marie Skłodowska-Curie as well as Erasmus+ actions for learning mobility also address individuals)

European Structural and Investment Funds

- - Largely focused on improving the R&I capacities and R&I ecosystems with the objective of regional growth and place-based economic transformation towards higher added value and more knowledge-intensive activities (Smart Specialisation Strategies).
- Centrally managed (EC) and awarded directly to final Shared management with national and regional public intermediaries (managing authorities, implementing agencies and intermediate bodies) which define the implementation details and allocate the funding to final beneficiaries
 - Policy-related prioritisation based on cohesion considerations and RIS3 priorities to individual firms/bodies and consortia within the territory covered by the operational programme (and only within the EU).
 - Use of competitive attribution through calls and aid schemes based on project selection criteria is also increasingly used (depending on MS).

COMPLEMENTARITIES:

- Horizon 2020 will focus on industrial leadership and tackling major societal challenges, maximising the competitiveness impact of research and innovation and raising and spreading levels of excellence.
- Horizon 2020 includes actions to close the research and innovation divide: ERA Chairs, networks, teaming and twinning, • research infrastructure development, etc.
- Horizon2020 has the objective of spreading excellence and widening participation compared to FP7.
- Besides improving the innovation eco-systems, Cohesion policy will partly increase the capacity of regions and Member States to participate in Horizon 2020 ("Stairways to Excellence") and partly fund R&I activities in a MS/region that can build on FP7 and Horizon 2020 projects.
- In addition, ESIF/RIS3 can support to a limited extent cooperation with actors outside the operational programme territory.



Four potential cases of combined funding (2014 COM Guide on Synergies):

- **1. Joint** or **simultaneous funding**: Different funding sources in the same project e.g. H2020 money and ESIF used together to fund different cost items <u>within a single project</u>. ESIF could also be used for some "<u>complementary</u>" funding (cost items eligible under ESIF but not under H2020).
- **2. Sequential funding**: separate successive and legally/financially not linked projects with alternating H2020 or ESIF support. This is an easier way to combine funds with less risk of (involuntarily) creating double funding scenarios. Sequential funding can go in both directions: capacity building (e.g. raising readiness to participate in H2020) and/or innovation exploitation (e.g. exploitation of H2020 results, learning tools, cooperation models etc. developed in Erasmus+). Funding of one phase does not guarantee a funding of the subsequent phase.
- **3. Additional/parallel funding**: ESIF money is not directly linked to a H2020 project, but a regional/national authority decides to fund a project to enhance the impact of a H2020 R+I project or Erasmus+ or COSME in its region (i.e. skills development or capacity building or for amplifying the impact of Joint Technology Initiatives).
- **4. Alternative funding:** ESIF money could be used for <u>project proposals</u> with a positive evaluation under H2020 or Erasmus+ that could not be funded due to a lack of H2020 funds under the call (i.e. SME instrument projects from a single country / projects submitted under the Fast Track to Innovation pilot scheme). These proposals could be **reoriented** towards ESIF requirements and submitted at national/regional level, if this type and topic of project fits into the OPs of the concerned territories.



S2E Initiatives

- Regional / National Profiling
- Case studies: Concrete examples of synergies between EU funds / instruments
- National Events

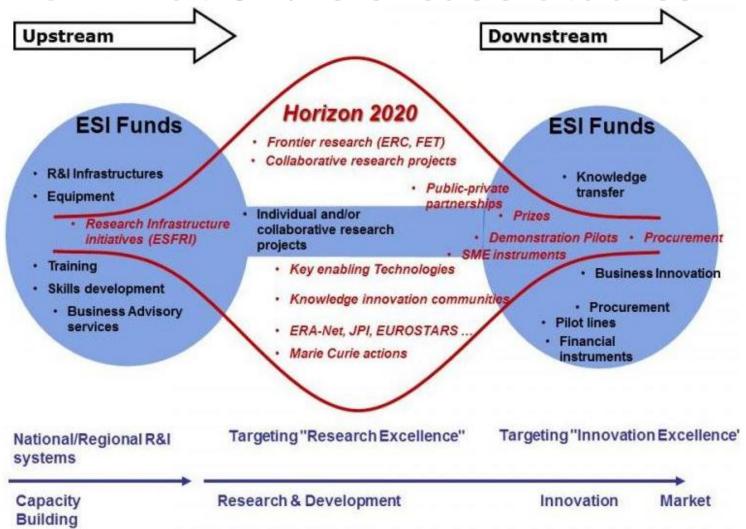
http://s3platform.jrc.ec.europa.eu/stairway-to-excellence/slovakia-national-event

Objectives:

- engaging with stakeholders via participation to future meetings and workshops.
- identifying any example of (1) success stories, (2) policy implementation, (3) any other governance issue which could help us enhancing the potential for synergies.



S2E Rationale & Case Studies





Objectives of S2E

The Stairway to Excellence (S2E) project aims to support post 2004 EU regions and countries in developing and exploiting the synergies between Horizon 2020 (H2020) and European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF), and:

- · Assist them in closing the innovation gap, in order to promote excellence in all regions and EU countries:
- · Stimulate the early and effective implementation of national and regional Smart Specialisation Strategies.

Activities of S2F

Background for the project

Activities of S2E



Events & News

COMING EVENTS: S2E started to organize National Events to:

- Ease understanding of national and regional innovation ecosystems
- Raise awareness to enable synergies between EU funding programmes
- Share experiences in combining Structural Funds and Framework Programme to improve excellence
- Draw lessons for the future and identify follow-up actions to enhance potential synerales

Participation to those events is by invitation Only.

- 26 Mar 2015: CROATIA National event
- 15 Apr 2015: LATVIA National event

DAST EVENTS:

2-3 Oct 2014: S2E Launching conference in Prague

Country & Region Information

National and Regional Fact & Figures are being made available for each of the post 2004 EU countries and regions. These "facts and figures" documents contain key messages only, based on the presented quantitative indicators, and provide as full a picture as possible of how and where European funding dedicated to R&I is spent in EU13 territories.



















S2F Publications



National and Regional Fact & Figures are being made available for each of the post 2004 EU countries and regions





As an outcome of its Launching conference, S2E published the Policy Brief 12/2014 in Dec 2014: Synergies between EU R&I Funding Programmes, Proceedings from the Launching Event of the Stairway to Excellence Project

Cases Studies

Related documents



National S2E Events

- A better understanding of the national innovation ecosystem
- Raising awareness of the actions needed to enable synergies between different EU funding programmes
- Sharing experiences in combining different EU funds

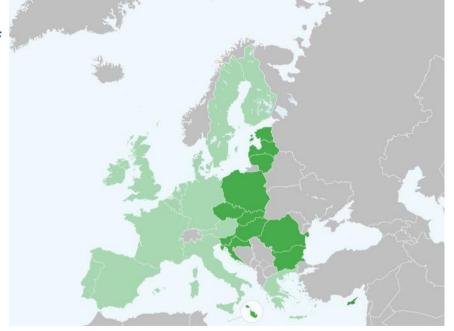
The events are open to national and regional MAs, NCPs, national authorities in charge of RIS3, selected experts and representatives from business and research organisations.

Croatia (March 2015)

Latvia (April 2015)

Forthcoming Events:

Romania, Estonia, Czech Republic, Poland



> Joint Statement of the National Event



Thank you!





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