

## RIS3 as a tool for change

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### From RIS to RIS3

#### **Building on the past**

- Widespread experience of national/regional innovation strategies in the framework of the EU Cohesion Policy
- Achieved greater co-operation among private and public stakeholders and better communication between technology providers and clients

#### **Breaking with the past**

- Not in tune with the industrial and economic fabric of regions
- Too narrow vision of 'technological' innovation
- The best performing regions were just copied or resources spread across 'all sectors'
- □ Lack of international and trans-regional perspective



# RIS3 is an Economic Transformation Agenda

RIS<sup>3</sup> is a dynamic and evolutionary <u>process</u> – "not a structure"- deeply grounded in an <u>entrepreneurial</u> <u>discovery process</u> (not a one-off action) where <u>Governments</u> are rather <u>facilitators</u>...than in a position of command and control.

RIS3 is for...

innovation leaders and for those lagging behind!



Smart specialisation

Behavioural change

Growth and jobs



## A sustainable/inclusive/smart process

Observation phase – all the regional economy niches and potentials should be scanned, so that priority setting would be given the best conditions to make the appropriate choices for future specialisation.

Consultation phase - the smartness of smart specialisation lays precisely in leaving the stakeholders to ultimately define the optimal specialisation fields. Ensuring vast involvement of the quadruple helix stakeholders, the less conflictive should be the priority setting activity in terms of reaching consensus amongst the stakeholders on a limited number of priorities to support via public policy mechanisms.



#### Methodological support Smart Specialisation GUIDE **CP Regulations 2013-20**

**Policy** 

(COM) "The contribution of Regional Policy to smart Growth" (COM) "The contribution of Regional Policy to sustainable Growth" **Innovation Union Flagship** 

**Innovation Union self-assessment tool Regional Innovation Monitor** OECD 2011 "Regions and Innovation Policy" **IRE-RIS Guide** Directory "No-Nonsense" to build S3 Diagnostic Systèmes d'Innovation (Praguer)

#### **Economic Rationale**

Rationale

"Knowledge for Growth" **FWP Evaluation** Innovation **Systems Endogenous Growth** "Innovative milieux"

**Policy Experimentation RIS-RITTs 1994-2004** 

**Competitive Advantage – M-Porter Industrial districts Evolutionary Economics** 

**Economic Geography** 



## RIS3 guide - Key steps for developing a RIS3

Step 1 – Analysis of regional context/potential

Step 2 – Governance - EPD

Step 3 – Vision for the future

Step 4 – Selection of priorities

Step 5 – Policy mix

Step 6 – Monitoring and evaluation





# Step 1 – Analysis of regional context and potential for innovation (I)

- A broader definition of innovation, not just RTD-oriented
- Assess existing regional assets
- Identify regional competitive advantage
- Detect emerging niches for smart specialisation
- Combine methods (e.g. regional profiling, SWOT approach; surveys)





# Step 1 – Analysis of regional context – looking out – and potential for innovation (II)

#### Outward-looking Analysis:

- Assess region's positioning within the EU
- Beware of global companies and value chains
- Flows of knowledge and skills in and out of region
- Avoid 'blind' duplication, discover possibilities for collaboration
- Combine methods (e.g. studies; interviews; interregional work groups)





# Step 1 – Analysis of regional context and potential for innovation (III)

Analysis of entrepreneurial dynamics and identification of future opportunities:

- Different types of actors
- Spirit of the entrepreneurial environment
- Involvement of entrepreneurial actors in the regional economy
  - Firms, but also Universities, Technology Centers, Venture Capitalists, Regional Development Agencies..
- Identify economic differentiation potential
- Combine methods
  - consultation with firms, clusters; technological audits; foresight studies

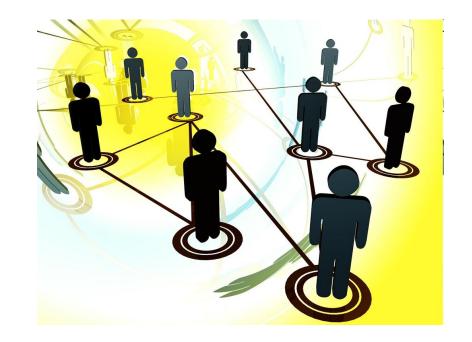




# Step 2 – Governance: Ensuring participation and ownership

#### Wider engagement of stakeholders:

- Include the demand-side perspective → Quadruple Helix
- Collaborative leadership
- Boundary spanning individuals and organisations
- Dedicated Steering Group/ Knowledge Leadership Group, Management Team, Working groups

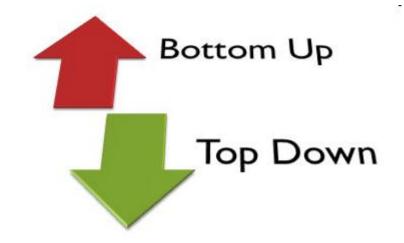




## Step 4 – Identification of priorities

Decision-making step where top-down meets bottom-up:

- Focus on a limited number of areas with potential for smart specialisation as emerged from entrepreneurial discovery
- Areas where the region hopes to excel
- Pay attention to horizontal priorities (Key Enabling Technologies, social innovation, etc.)
- Avoid capture by interest groups!





# Step 5 – Implementation, definition of a coherent policy mix, roadmaps and action plan

- Roadmap, action plan and pilot projects: organising and detailing rules, tools and roles
- Which of your existing tools are BOTH successful and contribute to reach your goals?
- Which tools do you need to overcome identified challenges in order to reach your goals?
- Do you need to design your own tools?





# Step 6 – Integration of monitoring and evaluation mechanisms

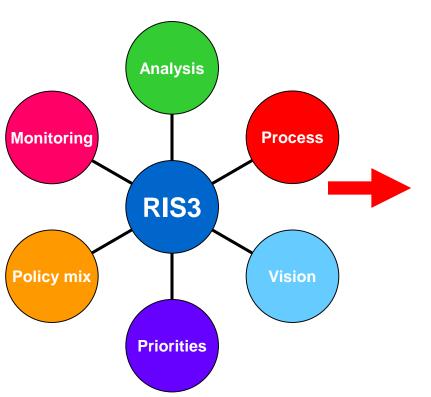
#### Mechanisms integrated in the strategy:

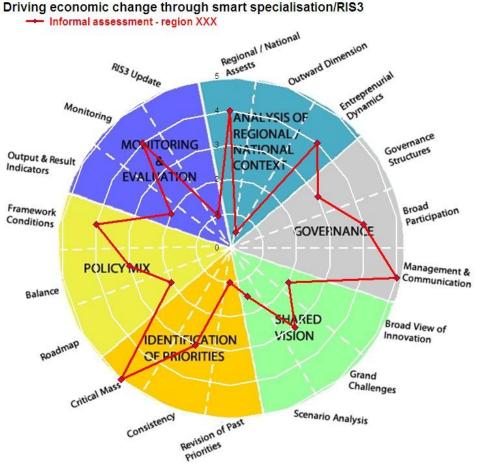
- Monitoring → to verify the correct and efficient implementation of activities
- Evaluation → to verify whether and how strategic goals are met
- Mutual learning → from peers
- Integrated self-assessment





## Self assessment of your RIS 3 process <a href="http://s3platform.jrc.ec.europa.eu/ris3-assessment-wheel">http://s3platform.jrc.ec.europa.eu/ris3-assessment-wheel</a>







## Learning by sharing

Changing by learning



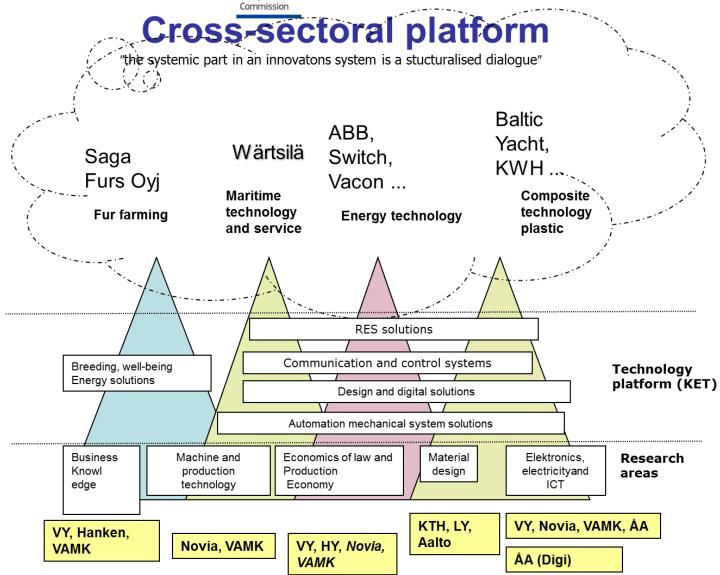
#### What is the understating of specialisations in Opolskie?

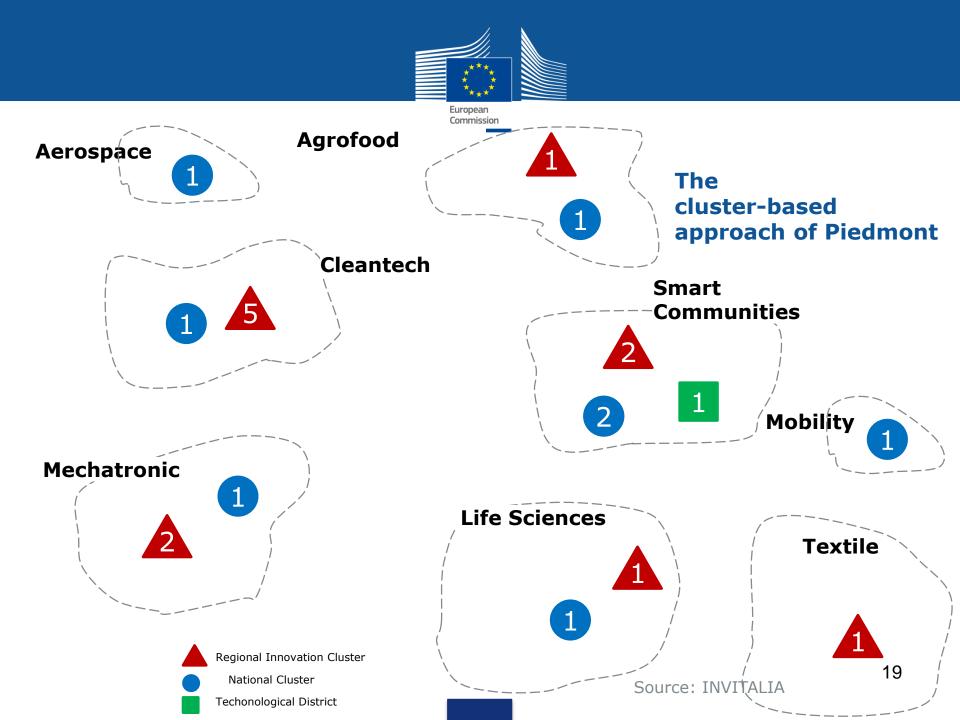
	Production	Using	Disseminating	Degree of conditions fulfilment
Technologies available in the region	high	high	high	smart specialisation
	low	high	high	potential smart specialisation
	low	high	low	specialisation
	low	low	low	lack of specialisation

Source: Opolskie presentation, Seville



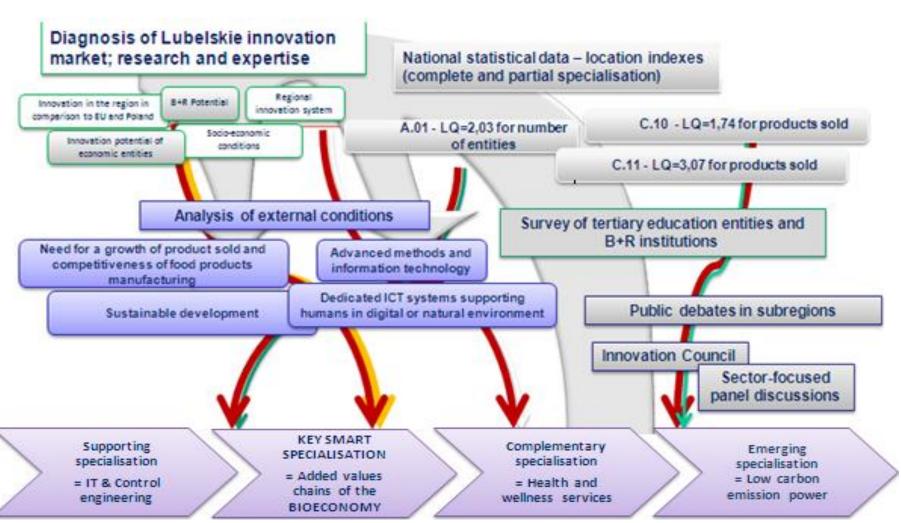








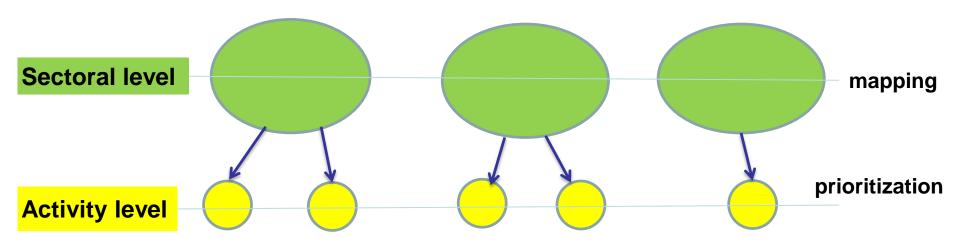
#### **Towards priorities by Lubelskie**



Source: Lubelskie presentation, Vaasa



## **Step 4 – Identification of priorities**

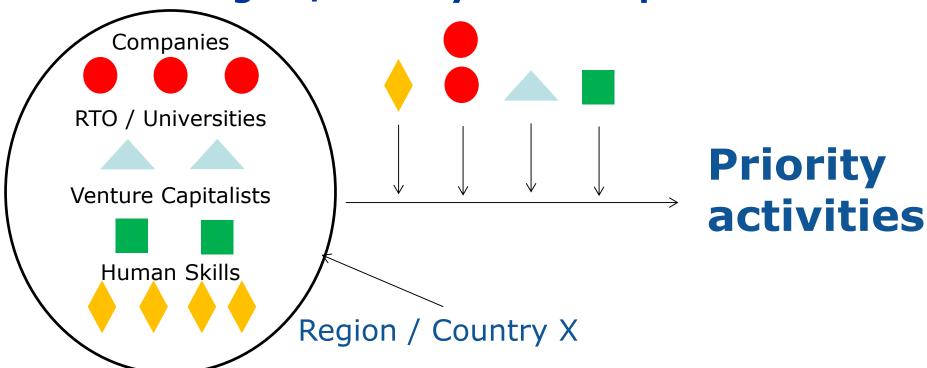


Modernisation of the old transport sector: integrated logistic system

Transition of the cluster: from ICT to med-tech Diversification of SMEs: from automotive to biomedical sector



Capturing Knowledge and Resources outside the region/country when required

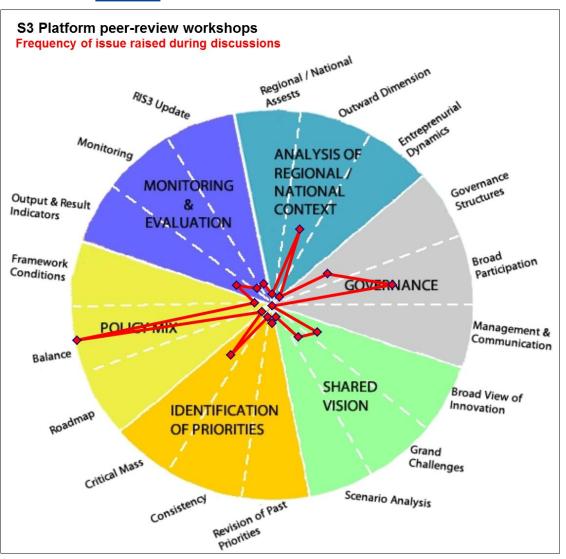




# Our experience at peer-review workshops

We focus
On the novelties

We discuss
Of the elements of change





## Köszönöm!



http://s3platform.jrc.ec.europa.eu

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