

Monitoring and Evaluation in RIS3 and ERDF

Pilot exercises: use of result indicators in ERDF programmes

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Regional Policy



- 23 MA in 15 Member States
- Half of pilots on Innovation axes
- Aim and methodology of pilot exercises
- Exploring how to implement in practice new result orientation: learning from current programmes
- involving volunteering MA: choice of priority axis
- Discussion with Commission: what do you want to change? What result indicator could capture this change? Will outputs contribute to change in result indicator? Could you evaluate the impact? How?





Main learnings

1)None of the pilot programmes currently use **result indicators** as requested for 2014-2020 : OPs were not designed to deliver results

2)New approach feasible but requires change in practices:

-Stronger and more explicit **intervention logic**

-Thematic **concentration** + critical mass of resources on a few actions

-Should trigger policy debate on choices

3) Result orientation to be introduced <u>when</u> designing the OP





Result indicators

-Do not capture intended effects of programmes

- -Often limited to supported entities
- -No baseline: cannot express a change!
- -Not rooted in a robust intervention logic

Lessons learnt

-Be closer to policy: statistics only relevant for very large priorities

-Reflect <u>specific</u> objectives (target a specific population/sector).

-Baselines when drafting programmes!





Intervention logic

- -Objectives expressed in too general terms, not operational (what results?)
- -Sometimes tacit objectives! (i.e. to reduce economic disparities between regions)
- -Indicators are not linked together in a logical way
- -Misuse of core indicators
- -Sometimes OP modified without changing indicators!





Intervention logic : lessons learnt

- -No result orientation without:
- \rightarrow Clear and specific objectives
- \rightarrow Strong intervention logic (determine choice of actions, of indicators, evaluations)
- -Other factors to be analysed: to verify appropriateness of intervention logic and planned actions
- -A "logical framework" may be useful





Concentration

- -Many sub-priorities leading to many indicators
- -This blurs the objectives and logic of intervention
- -Resources spread thematically and geographically

Lessons learnt

- Thematic (Regulation) AND operational concentration: where ERDF can make a difference
- ⇒ Policy choices, clarity and ownership of objectives and indicators
- \Rightarrow Actions that can influence result indicators
- \Rightarrow Fewer result indicators





- 2 examples of current innovation axes
- A competitiveness regional programme
- A convergence regional programme





1st example: a competitiveness OP

Priority: Knowledge & *Innovation Economy* (€121 *million*)

- Loosely described objectives, too general to be reflected in result indicators, mix of goals and means
- Make innovation drive competitiveness of enterprises and territories Anticipate changes to accompany SMEs)
- Many sub-objectives (12)
- Increase R&D activities/support public research projects /increase funding for SMEs/ support SMEs' growth/creation etc.
- 4 result indicators close to output, limited to direct beneficiary and supported entities:
- nb of deliverables supporting technology transfer (activity of agency)
- nb of patents from the supported enterprises





2nd example: a convergence OP

<u>Priority: Economic Development, Research & Innovation</u> (118 million)

- At least 5 different objectives: support innovation and competitiveness of enterprises, develop strategic clusters, SMEs, lower SMEs mortality, lower regional economic dependancy
- No explicit intended results: only means of action

Support TT, develop intermediaries, animation of networks etc.

- 19 result indicators, 19 ouput indicators
- Many "result indicators" measure outputs

Nb of collaborations supported, nb of companies hosted in incubator...

 4 context indicators: some could be used as result indicators (Nb of researchers), some useless because too far from actions (economic growth...)





Indicators for R&I in OPs

• Specific constraints

- MA find it difficult to articulate precisely what they want to change (innovation is a means to an end!)
- -Uncertainty and time lag for results to appear
- -Often distributed, not linear effects, other factors

-Change in behaviours, in processes: what result indicators?

• Possible solutions

-Qualitative targets (trend, range of values)

-**"Intermediate result" indicators** (number of regional patents, of participation in EU research FP, financial input in R&D activities)

-Result indicators covering a broader RIS3 objective to which ERDF contribute (+ impact evaluation)





Indicators for R&I in OPs

- Data availability: a constraint
 - Innovation Union Scoreboard: NUTS1
 - Regional Innovation Scoreboard: not all indicators at NUTS 2 level (e.g. DE, NL), gaps for some regions
 - Time lag 2-3 years (patents, scientific publications)
- Possible solutions to build regional indicators
 - Use administrative data, enterprise databases, surveys
 - Set up regional observatories (PACA, Languedoc Roussillon, Alsace, West Midlands, Italy); contract with national statistic bodies (use of TA)





Possible example of results indicators

Use statistics only for large priorities

Selection of indicators depends on logic of intervention!

Economic Results:

- Labour productivity (GVA per employment), available per sector
- % employment in high/medium technology manufacturing sectors
- % employment in knowledge intensive services
- New-to-market/firm sales of all SMEs (% of turnover)

Innovation intermediate results

- Nb of EPO patents/scientific publication/inhabitants
- % of patents requested by local companies obtained with researchers from other regions; % of patents resulting from co-invention; % of publications co-written
- % Innovative SMEs collaborating with others
- %SMEs introducing product/process/marketing/organisational innovations

Enabling Indicators

- % Business R&D expenditures (BERD)/ Public R&D expenditure in GDP
- % of household with broadband
- % broadband access by firms (only NUTS 1)
- % Human resources in Science and Technology





Sources for R&I indicators

- Regional Innovation Scoreboard 2011 (May 2012) <u>http://www.proinno-europe.eu/page/regional-innovation-scoreboard</u>
- Innovation Union Scoreboard 2011 (Feb 2012) <u>http://www.proinno-europe.eu/inno-metrics/page/innovation-union-</u>
 - <u>scoreboard-2011</u>
- Regional Innovation Monitor

http://www.rim-europa.eu/

• Note on research & innovation result indicators (Barca's group)

http://ec.europa.eu/regional_policy/impact/evaluation/performance_en.cfm

- Digital scoreboard: <u>http://ec.europa.eu/information_society/digital-agenda/scoreboard/download/index_en.htm</u>
- European Cluster Observatory
 <u>http://www.clusterobservatory.eu/</u>
- Small Business Act:

<u>http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/policies/sme/facts-figures-</u> <u>analysis/performance-review/index_en.htm#h2-3</u>





Research & innovation in OPs

- Ex ante evaluation should analyse:
 - Intervention logic as compared to the needs analysis and EU 2020 objectives: how planned actions contribute to intended results
 - Relevance of result indicators, credibility of targets
 - Sources for baseline data for result indicators
 - Data necessary for impact evaluations
 - Guidance document available on Inforegio (EN/DE/FR)





Summary

- *RIS3: a vision, select the right priorities, macro-indicators, action plan*
- OP should clarify role of ERDF interventions
- OP should explain the intervention logic
- Be explicit on what you want to change (specific objectives)
- Identify other factors influencing the intended results
- Select result indicator, sufficiently close to the policy and reflecting the specific objectives
- Explain how planned actions will lead to results
- Select output indicators





Report on Pilot Tests on Result Indicators

Guidance Ex ante evaluation (ERDF, ESF, CF)

http://ec.europa.eu/regional_policy/information/evaluatio ns/guidance_en.cfm#1

