

Value Chains and the New Thematic Smart Specialisation Platforms

Workshop on Implementation of Smart Specialisation Strategy 7 April 2016

CC Smart and Sustainable Growth
DG Regional and Urban Policy





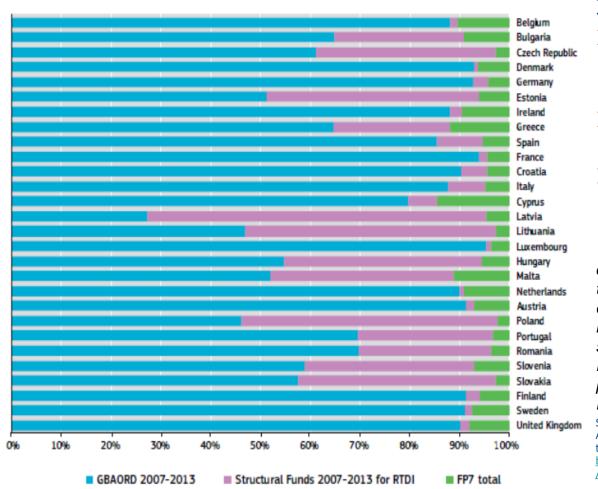
Structure

- > State of play regarding RIS3
- > Challenges & opportunities ahead
- > Thematic Smart Specialisation Platforms



Importance of ESIF in Public R&D Spending

Figure II-2-8 Shares (%) of GBAORD, Structural Funds allocated to RTDI, and FP7 funds(1), 2007-2013



In 2007-2013:

- In PL, LT and LV more than 50% of GBAORD came from Cohesion Policy.
- In CZ, EE, HU, MT, SI and SK more than 30%
- In RO, PT, EL and BG more than 20%

"Several Central and Eastern European countries (in particular Slovakia, Estonia, and the Czech Republic) as well as Malta also display strong growth rates in public R&D intensity since 2007, thanks in particular to the significant mobilisation of European Structural Funds. As a result, the Estonian and Czech public R&D intensities are now higher than the EU average"

See: Science, research and innovation performance of the EU - A contribution to the open innovation, open science, open to the world agenda: 2016 http://bookshop.europa.eu/is-bin/INTERSHOP.enfinity/WFS/EU-Bookshop-Site/en_GB/-/EUR/ViewPublication-Start?PublicationKey=KI0415512



Origins of RIS³

2003-2009:

Research & Innovation Policy

Technological / scientific specialisation (centres of excellence)

Lopsided ERA?

Impact of research on growth?

Industry & Enterprise policy

Demand side innovation policy

Lead Market Initiative

Clusters / Sector Analysis

KETs

Is modern industry policy not also innovation policy?

Innovation as driver for Regional Policy

Regional Innovation & Technology Strategies

Innovation eco-systems

Does one-size-fits-all really work for all regions?

Enough for an economic transformation?

Regional Policy



Business

manufacturing and services, primary sectors, financial sector, creative industries, social sector, large firms, SMEs, young entrepreneurs, students with business ideas, cluster and business organisations, etc.

Research

public and private research bodies, universities, science and technology parks, NCPs, Technology transfer offices, Horizon2020 committee members, regional ESFRI roadmaps etc.

Entrepreneurial in composition and **spirit:** (risk-taking, broader view beyond boundaries ...)

Different departments, if relevant at different government levels, agencies e.g. for regional development business advice, public procurement offices, incubators, etc.

> **Public** administration

NGOs and citizens' initiatives related to societal challenges for which innovative solutions would be helpful, consumers associations, Talents! etc.

Civil society / **Users**

RIS³ design:

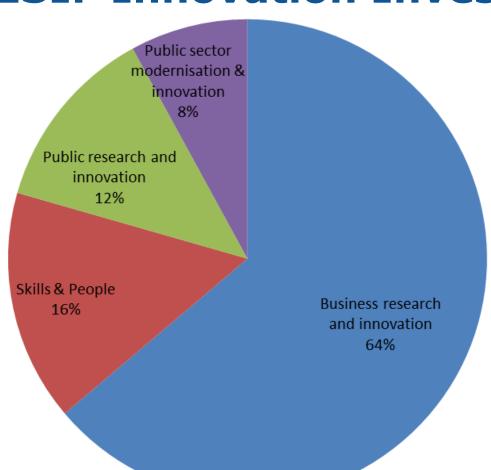
Entrepreneurial Discovery Process

- **Reiterative process**
- Creative thinking / combination
- External view needed
- Multiple formats of EDP depending on:
 - > RIS3 stage (strategy design vs. Delivery mechanism design vs. Project level)
 - > Theme / value chain specificities (e.g. pharmaceuticals vs digital innovations vs manufacturing)





ESIF Innovation Investments 2014-2020



ERDF & ESF allocations:

- Business research & innovation: EUR 60 billion
- Skills & People: FUR 14.5 billion
- Public research & innovation:
 EUR 11.7 billion
- Public sector modernisation & innovation:
 FUR 7.4 billion



EUR 60 billion ESIF for business R&I

Thematic: energy efficieny, low carbon, climate, intelligent transport, smart grids, ehealth, ICT industry 19%

General: technology transfer, cooperation projects, business cluster, private R&I infrastructures and activities 19%

Large firms
Innovation
processes and
infrastructures
7%

SME research, innovation, incubation, support services, capacities, entrpreneurship, digitisation, creative industries 55% SME research, innovation, incubation, support services, capacities, entrepreneurship, digitisation, creative industries:

EUR 32.3 billion

 Thematic innovation demand: energy efficiency, low carbon, climate, intelligent transport, smart grids, ehealth, ICT:

EUR 11.4 billion

 Innovation support system: technology transfer, cooperation projects, clusters, private R&I infrastructures and activities:

EUR 11.2 billion

 Large firms innovation processes, activities and infrastructures:

EUR 4.3 billion

Source: http://ec.europa.eu/regional_policy/en/policy/evaluations/data-for-research/





First RIS³ Conclusions after negotiations

- Fresh start for innovation policy governance in many countries
 & regions
- Concept of RIS³ welcomed as a possible way out of the crisis thanks to economic transformation of regions & MS
- Role & potential of regions in innovation policy (place-based)
- Better planning and impact orientation
- More interest in trans-national and inter-regional cooperation (Vanguard, Macro-regional strategies, INTERREG)
- Mutual learning & peer-reviews appreciated
- **Synergies** with COSME & Horizon2020 identified as opportunities
- More awareness of EU initiatives, like "KETs" and industry policy
- In advance insights in smart specialisation investment **priorities** (ground-breaking novelty for ESIF!)





Main challenges to make RIS³ work:

Ensuring continuity

- RIS3 is conceived as on-going (and reiterative) process with stakeholder involvement (Entrepreneurial Discovery Process)
- Monitoring as management tool
- Evaluation of RIS³

Implementation tools & capacities

- Administrative capacities:
- to design appropriate support tools (participatory leadership methods, learning from other countries & Horizon2020)
- To manage the tools effectively and efficiently

International opening and cooperation

- Generate critical mass via combining forces
- Complementing capacities and linking related regions
- Synergies with Horizon 2020, COSME



RIS³ priorities offer opportunity to find suitable cooperation partners





RIS³ priorities offer opportunity to find suitable cooperation partners

Example: agro-food related innovation



85 Regions have indicated priorities in 'agro-food' distributed over following sub-domains:

SPECIALISATION PLATFORM

	Table : Agro- and Food related sub-areas of specialisation (EU28)	count, n
AF1	Agro- and food related technologies (incl. KETs, chemistry, energy, biofuels, engineering, health and life sciences, bio-medicine, pharmacy and generic engineering)	60
AF2	Agro-food and Tourism	54
AF3	Food and food products with higher added-value (organic food, healthy food, quality of life)	36
AF4	Water for environment and agriculture (including aquaculture, fisheries and maritime)	32
AF5	Food production, manufacturing and distribution	20
AF6	Environmentally-friendly production of agro-food	18
AF8	Food safety and security	11
AF9	Application of ICT in the field of agriculture	4
AF10	Research and Education in Food/Agriculture	2
AF11	Transport and logistics	2
AF12	(Non-specified) Agriculture as an industry	41
AF13	(Non-specified) food products	17
11110	(mon specifical food produces	1,
	Total	271

Starting point for further exploration in the 'Smart Specialisation Platform Agro-Food'

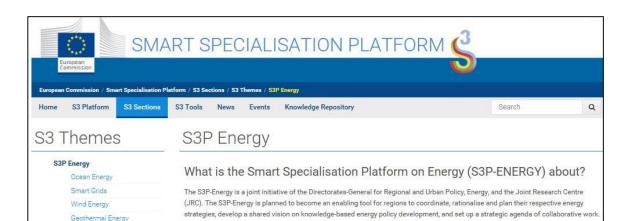


Thematic Smart Specialisation Platforms: How?

Approach: Using smart specialisation as a coordinating mechanism to align efforts

- ✓ based on **RIS³ analysis** including "lagging regions" and other "unusual suspects"
- ✓ foster opportunities for regions/MS to team up around value-chains (Horizon2020, COSME and INTERREG Europe could support networking costs)
- ✓ **driven by motivated regions** (e.g. in the Vanguard Initiative)
- ✓ **entrepreneurial discovery at European level**: inspired by Vanguard Initiative (Learn-Connect-Demonstrate-Commercialise)
- ✓ involving relevant clusters, intermediaries, thematically related EU level initiatives (such as the EIT-KICs, Joint Undertakings, ETPs, EIPs, etc.)
- ✓ support the development of project investment pipe-lines
- ✓ Facilitate **access to "real money"** for resulting projects (incl. EFSI, cooperation with EIAH, private investors, coordinating ESIF investments, Horizon2020 ...)

First Platform concerns energy:





Thematic Smart Specialisation Platforms: How?

Approach: Using smart specialisation as a coordinating

What should be new compared to previous networks and platforms?

organising the 'discovery process' of opportunities for co-investment in priority areas

not only immediate competitors, but potential cooperation partners along value chains

joint initiative of regions that lead-by-example and DGs, open to all that commit

not only developing a specific technology / solution or mutual learning or joint strategy development, but a project pipeline leading to concrete, coordinated & joint investments



VANGUARD INITIATIVE

NEW GROWTH THROUGH SMART SPECIALISATION

The new approach in action!

Ambitions Partners Pilot Initiatives Activities Contacts

Output

Description: Activities Contacts

Output

Description: Activities Contacts

Pilot actions for joint demonstration:

- Advanced Manufacturing for energy applications
- Efficient and sustainable manufacturing
- -High Performance Production with 3D Printing'
- -Bio-economy (non-food biomass)
- -Nano-enabled products

learn

- · developing a scoping paper
- · mapping questionnaire
- · Identify lead regions and actors

connect

upscale

- · matching events for complementary partners
- · developing demonstration cases

demonstrate

- networked demonstration
- · pilot lines and first-of-a-kind factories (TRL6-8)
- · Generation 'n', 'n+1' and 'n+2'

commercialise

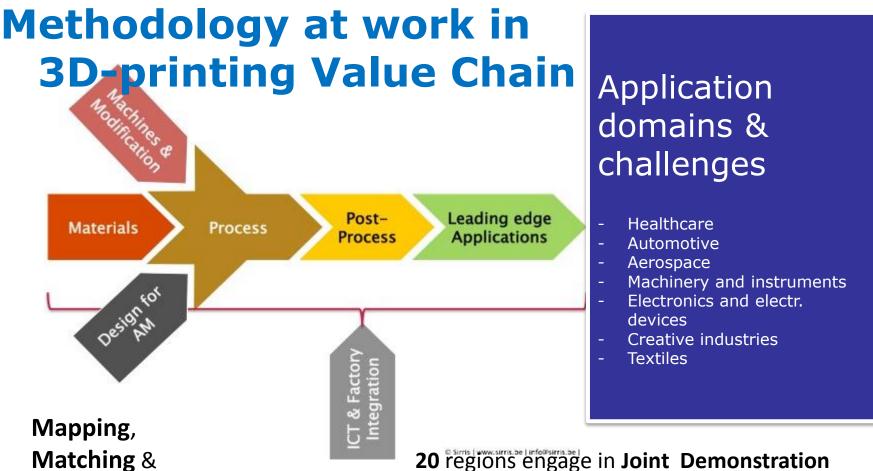
- · launch of new ventures and start-ups
- new value chains (TRL 9)



Co-investing

in interregional value chains





20 regions engage in **Joint Demonstration** to accelerate uptake **3D-Printing** Solutions

Regional Policy



Creating Thematic SSP dynamics:

The SSP promotes <u>Joint Roadmaps</u> for joint demonstration and co-investments (in complement with Horizon2020)

Lead-regions defining joint **objectives** (MoU, cfr Vanguard Initiative)

Lead-clusters defining joint
challenges in well-defined value
chain
(European Strategic Cluster
Partnerships)

Lead-consortia defining joint **solutions** (Business Plans)





Creating Thematic SSP dynamics:

The TSSPs create a <u>muliplier mechanism</u> in supporting a project pipeline based on synergies in joint demonstration and piloting

Lead-regions defining joint **objectives** (MoU, cfr Vanguard Initiative)

Lead-clusters defining joint **challenges** in well-defined value chain (European Strategic Cluster Partnerships)

> Lead-consortia defining joint **solutions** (Business Plans)

4 Thematic SSPs

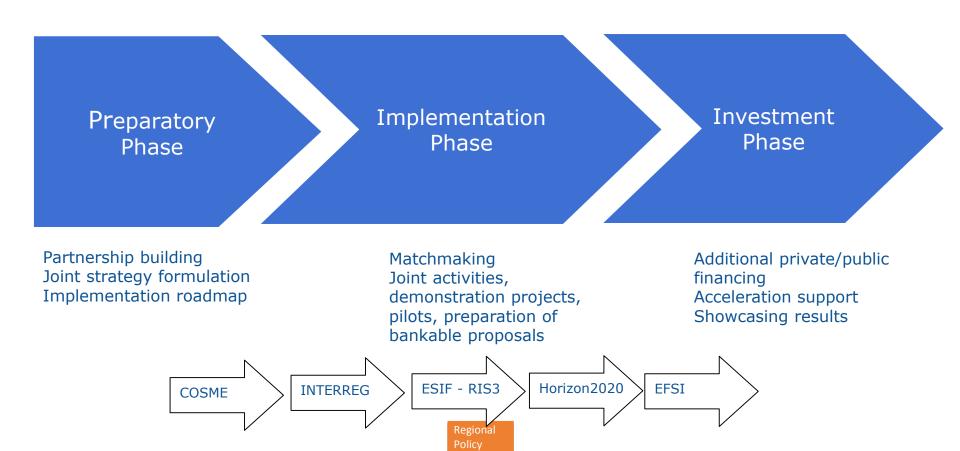
12 ESCPs (~36 cases)

+50 investment projects





European Strategic Cluster Partnerships for Smart Specialisation Investments





Next steps

- **25 February 2016:** Vanguard Initiative Pilots Brokerage Event Test methodology & link up with DG GROW Cluster Partnerships
- April / May 2016: Call for expression of interest for European Strategic Cluster Partnerships and preparatory support / INTERREG Europe call
- May 11 & 12: Information Days on SSP Industrial Modernisation & SSP Agro-Food
- 1-2 June 2016: Launch Thematic Platforms at High-Level Smart Specialisation event

SMART REGIONS Conference
Driving smart specialisation investments in priority areas for European growth

1-2 June 2016 – Square, Brussels
@EU_Regional #SmartSpecialisation

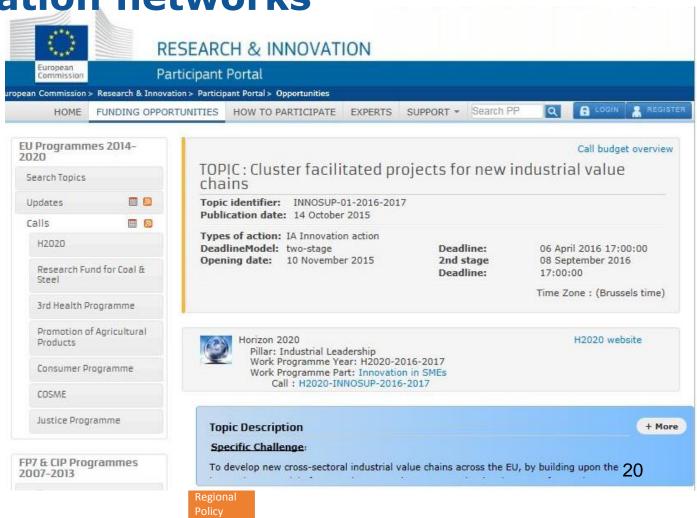
European Commission



Horizon 2020 support for thematic smart specialisation networks

<u>INNOSUP-01-</u> <u>2016-2017</u> call:

Cluster facilitated projects for new industrial value chains





INTERREG Europe support for thematic smart specialisation networks

New call offers new opportunities:





1 June 2016, WEDNESDAY

Sessions 1-2: Smart specialisation - From Design to Implementation

- Continuous Entrepreneurial Discovery
- Governance settings
- Selection criteria and selection process
- Transnational cooperation and value chains
- Monitoring and evaluation
- Smart Specialisation Strategy experience outside EU

Session 3: Thematic Smart Specialisation Platforms

- Industrial Modernisation
- Agro-Food Value Chains
- Energy Transition

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Session 4: Investment challenges



2 June 2016, THURSDAY

Report and conclusions from day 1

Session 5: Align objectives for economic transformation (Stakeholders)

Session 6: Implementation of RIS3 –

Synergies in policy support for economic transformation (Commissioners)

Continuous exhibition and networking



RegioStars Awards

CATEGORY 1: Smart growth Emerging opportunities in the global economy



Knowledge-driven industrial transformation is at the heart of the smart specialisation concept. It aims to identify unique competitive advantages based on new combinations of their industrial and scientific strengths and potentials and concentrates efforts on priorities. The implementation of smart specialisation strategies draws on many own resources, includes often synergies with Horizon2020, and uses different ESI Funds. Already in the past ERDF supported projects in this spirit, including:

- international opening and transnational cooperation,
- economic transformation towards related varieties,
- emerging industries thanks to a new combination of existing sectors / technologies with new technologies and cross-sector cooperation,
- the evolution of clusters and their trans-national partnerships,
- avoid duplication of R&I efforts by technology absorption and in-sourcing

Apply online before April 15th!

http://ec.europa.eu/regional_policy/en/regio-stars-awards

Policy



Questions and Answers

