

SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION SYSTEM OF UKRAINE

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Content

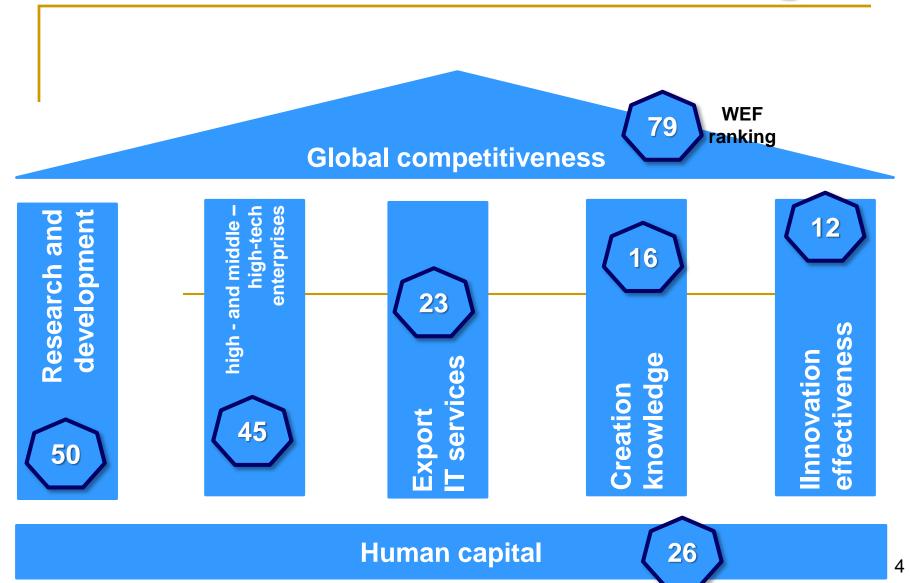
- Administration of the science and technology sector
- Science, technology and innovation development of Ukraine
- Review of R&D projects results
- International cooperation in the science and technology sector
- 5. Challenges

Ukraine today

- 27 Ukrainian
 Universities and
 research institutions
 and 12 000
 scientists have been
 forced to move from
 the occupied
 territories
- 7.8% of territory is occupied
- over 1.7 mln.
 persons were
 relocated from the
 occupied territories

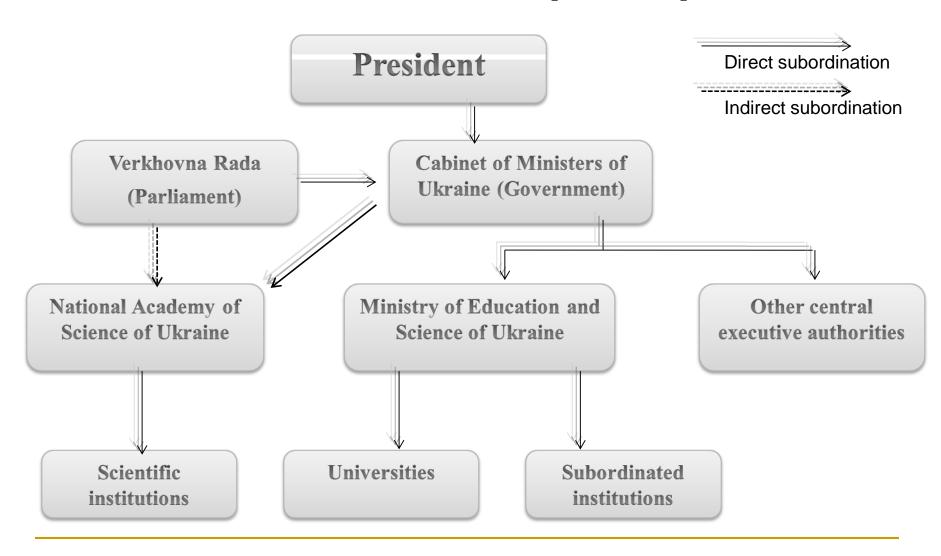


Ukraine in the world rankings



I. Administration of the science and technology sector

STATE GOVERNANCE OF THE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SECTOR (as it is)



The new Law of Ukraine "On scientific and scientific-technical activity" was adopted on 26 November 2016

Institutional framework of R&I policy **Cabinet of President Parliament** Minister of Ukraine **National Council of** Ukraine on the development of science and technology **Ministry of National Sectoral National** UKR **Education** Central academy of **Academies** Research **OBORON** and authorities science of of Sciences **Foundation PROM Science of** of Ukraine Ukraine of Ukraine of Ukraine Ukraine Universities, Universities, Research Research research research institutions institutions institutions institutions

Organizational structure of the National Council of Ukraine on Science and Technology Development

Chairman (Vice Prime Minister of Ukraine)

First Deputy Chairman (minister of education and science)

Deputy Chairman (Chairman of the Scientific Committee)

Scientific Committee Secretary (appointed by Chairman)

Other members

Members of the National Council of Ukraine on Science and Technology Development

Members of the National Council

including

Scientific Committee Members

Leading Ukrainian scientists

Administrative committee members

Representatives of central executive authorities, NASU, large scientific enterprises, universities and research institutions

Main functions of the National Council of Ukraine on Science and Technology Development

- preparing proposals for the policy frameworks development in the field of scientific and technological activities and submitting appropriate recommendations to the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine;
- preparing proposals for the integration of national science into the international science, taking into account national interests;
- evaluation of reports on use of funds for scientific and technical activities and obtained results submitted by the National Research Fund of Ukraine, National Academy of Sciences, central executive authorities, etc.

Organizational structure of the National Research Foundation

Supervisory Council = Scientific Commette of National Council

Scientific Council
(approves projects for funding, based on calls for proposals results)

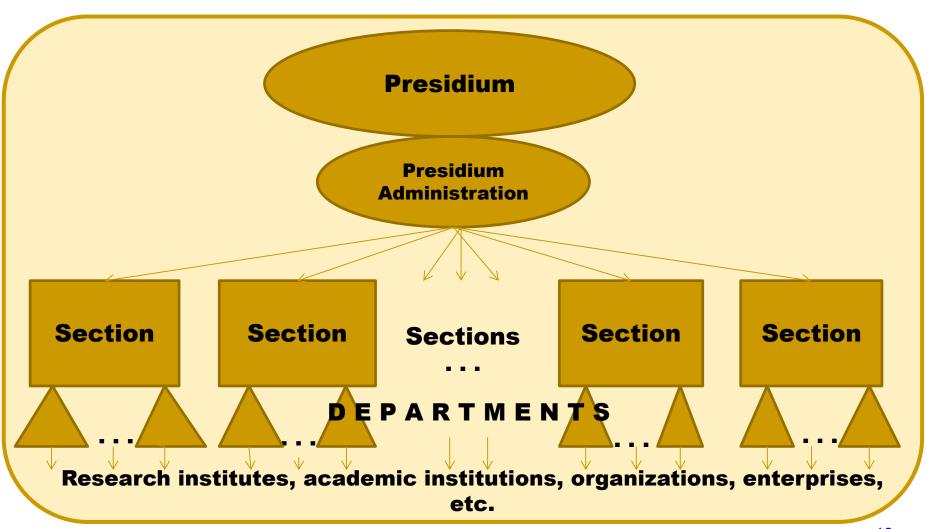
Sections (adopt provisional decision)

Chairman
(appointed by the
Cabinet of Ministers of
Ukraine)

Structural units

The National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine

Structure



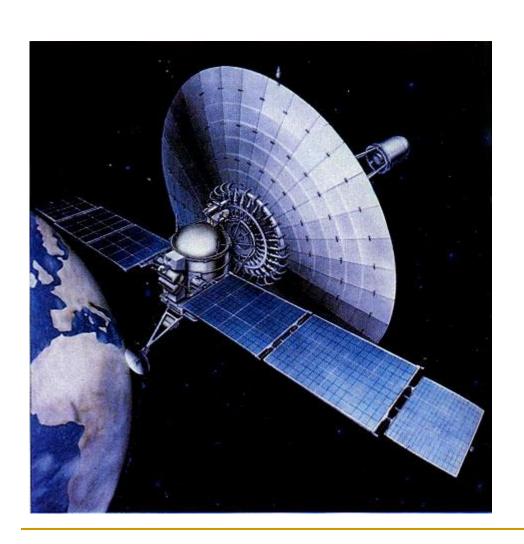
Development of the law on amendments to the Law of Ukraine "On scientific and scientific-technical activity"

Assurances for higher education institutions and academic staff:

- Higher education institutions (universities, academies, institutes), which have passed state certification of their research activities, are covered by assurances for conducting researches, established by this Law for research institutions;
- Academic staff of such institutions are covered by assurances for research activities, established by this Law for researchers

II. Science, technology and innovation development of Ukraine

The most advanced fields of Ukrainian science



nuclear science

new materials

IT- technologies

physics and astronomy

engeneering

Biotechnology

agricultural technologies

aerospace technologies

R&D Priorities of Ukraine until 2020



Fundamental research



Rational environmental management



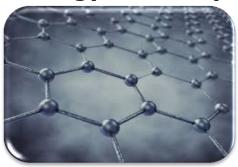
Information and Communication Technologies



Life sciences, new technologies on prevention and treatment of the most common



Energy and Energy Efficiency



New substances and materials

diseases

Strategic directions of innovation activity in Ukraine set for 2011-2021 (1)



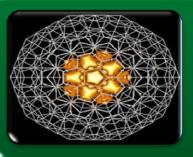
Energy sector

 growing focus on energy transportation, use of energy-efficient and resource-saving technologies, and application of alternative energy resources



Transportation sector

 a hi-tech development of transport system, space rocket industry, aircraft engineering and shipbuilding, armament and military equipment



Materials science

 focus on materials production, machining and combination, establishment of nonmaterial's and nanotechnology industry

Strategic priorities of innovation activity in Ukraine set for 2011-2021 (2)



Agricultural sector

technological renewal and agricultural development



Medical sector

 development of equipment for high quality medical care, treatment, pharmaceutics



Environmental sector

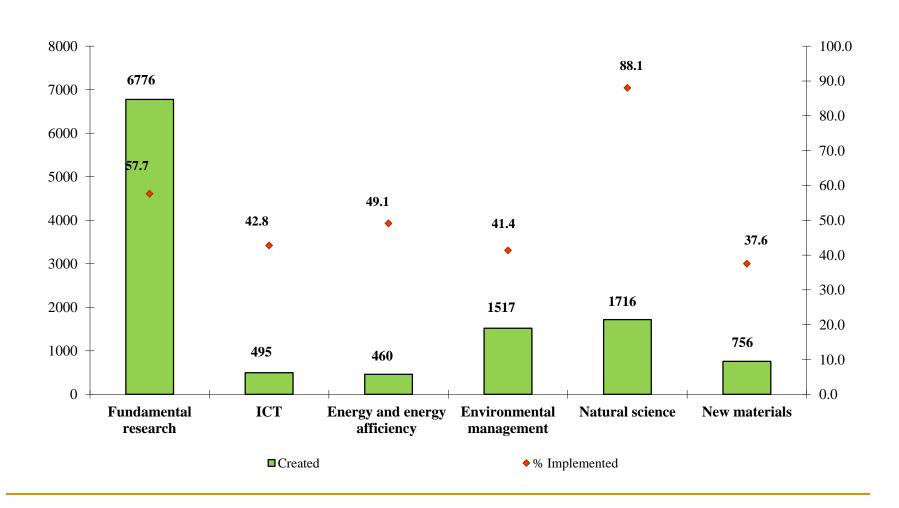
 wide application of technologies for cleaner production and environment protection



IT sector

 development of modern information, communication technologies, robotics

NUMBER OF DEVELOPED & IMPLEMENTED R&D PROJECTS BY SCIENTIFIC FIELDS



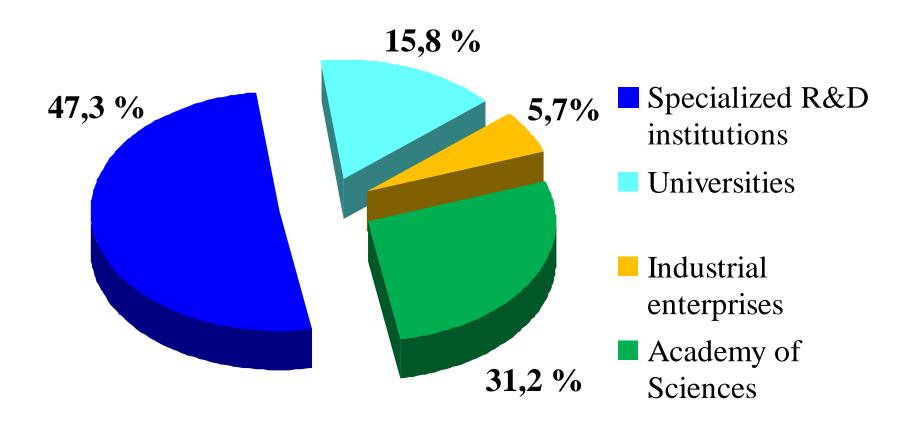
SPECTRUM OF ORGANIZATIONS INVOLVED IN THE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SECTOR (AS OF 2014)

The science sector in Ukraine is concentrated on four domains:

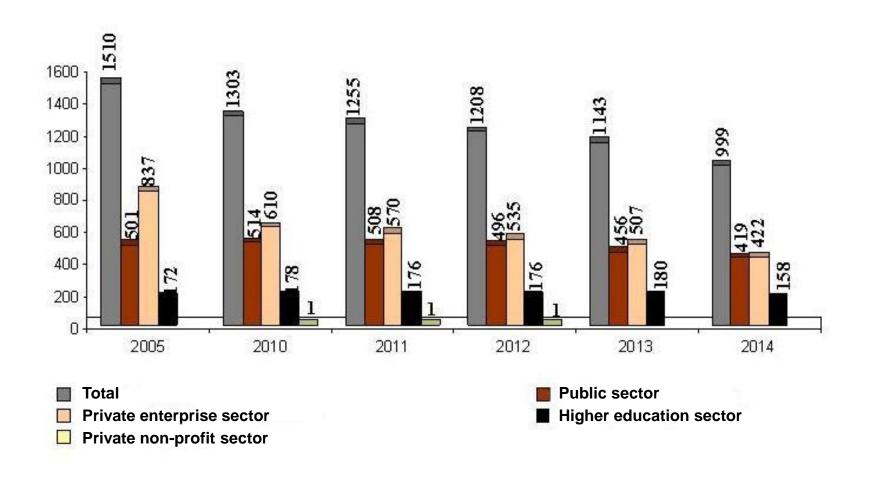
- > Academy of Sciences
- **Universities**
- State R&D

1143 organizations took part in performing research and development in 2014

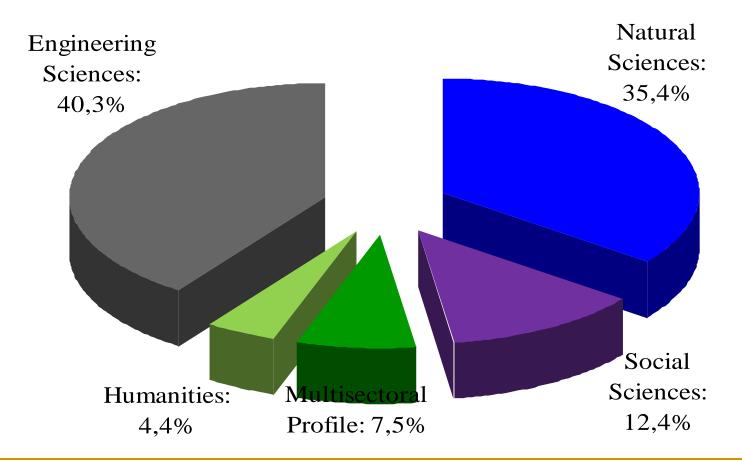
DISTRIBUTION OF ORGANIZATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SECTOR OF SCIENCE (as of 2014)



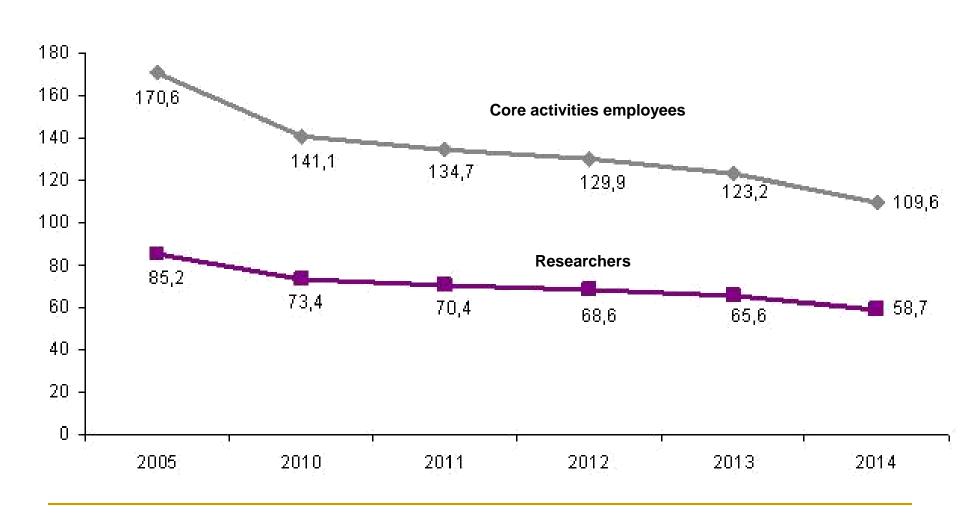
SPECTRUM OF ORGANIZATIONS INVOLVED IN THE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SECTOR FOR THE PERIOD 2005 - 2014



QUANTITY DISTRIBUTION OF ORGANIZATIONS INVOLVED IN THE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SECTOR (by branches of science,%)

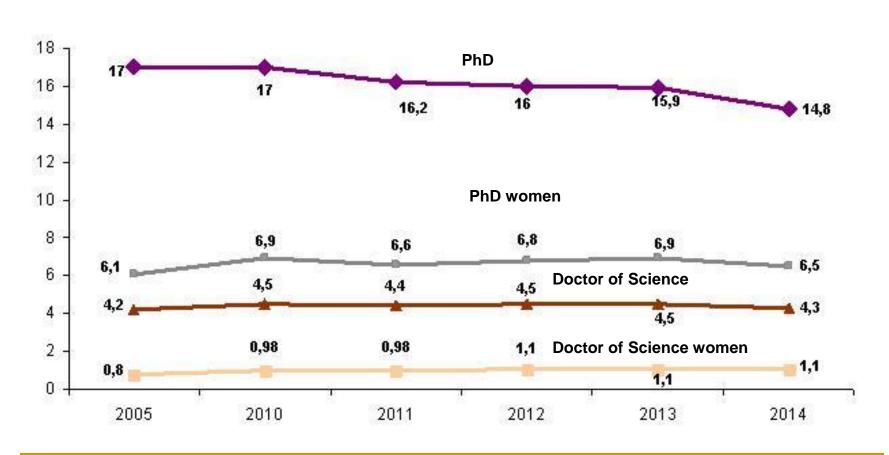


NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES INVOLVED IN THE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SECTOR FOR THE PERIOD 2005 – 2014

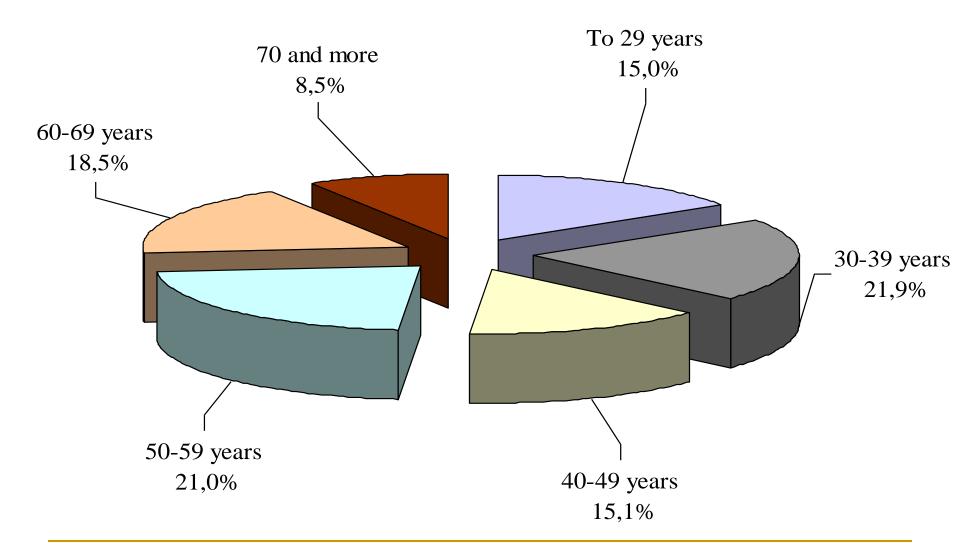


NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES WITH ACADEMIC DEGREE INVOLVED IN THE R&D

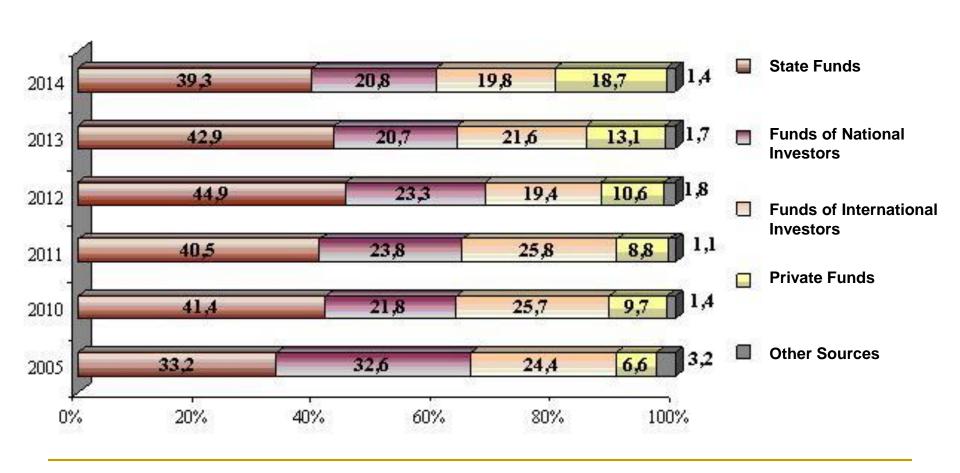
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES WITH SCIENTIFIC DEGREE



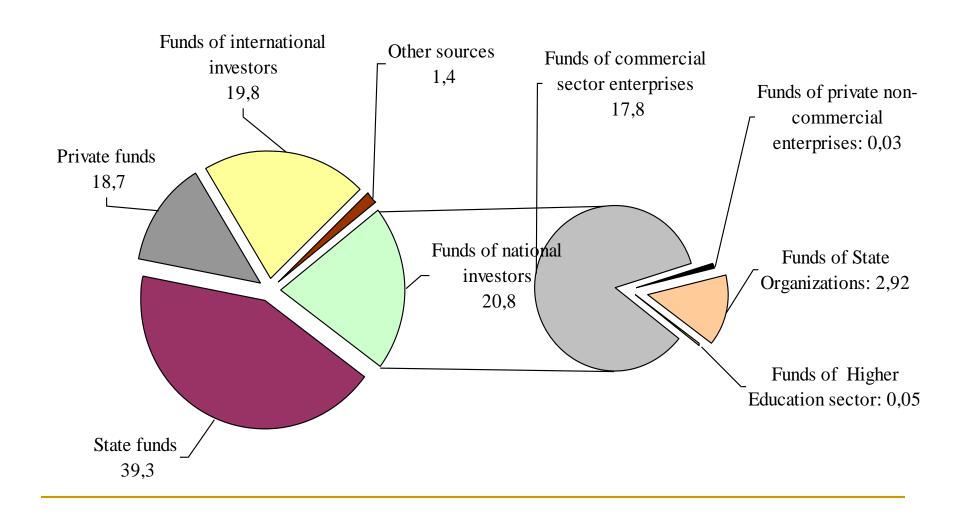
AGE DISTRIBUTION OF SCIENTISTS (as of 2014)



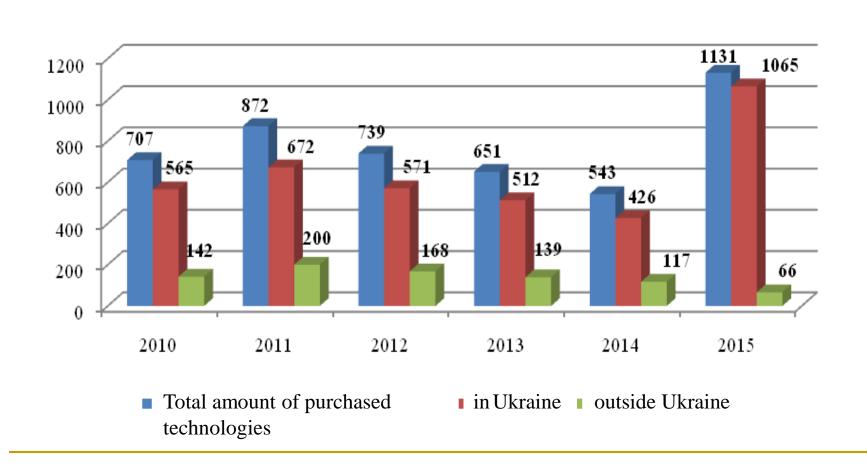
FUNDING OF THE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SECTOR FOR THE PERIOD 2005-2014



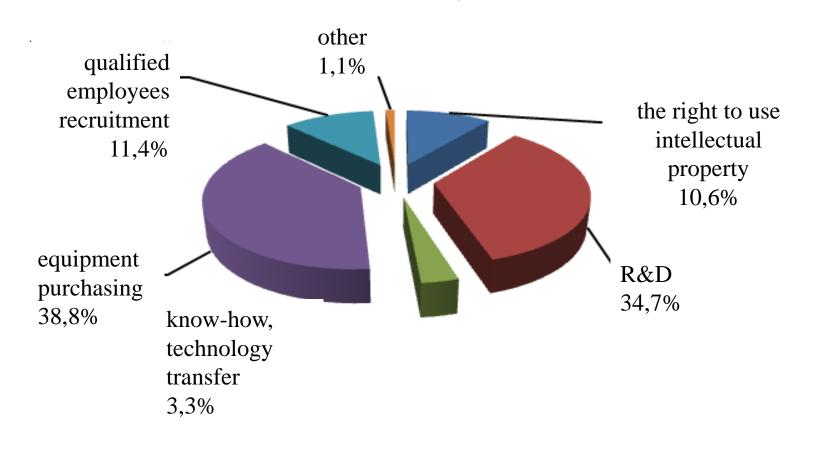
FUNDING DISTRIBUTION OF R&D BY SOURCE AND SECTORS (as of 2014)



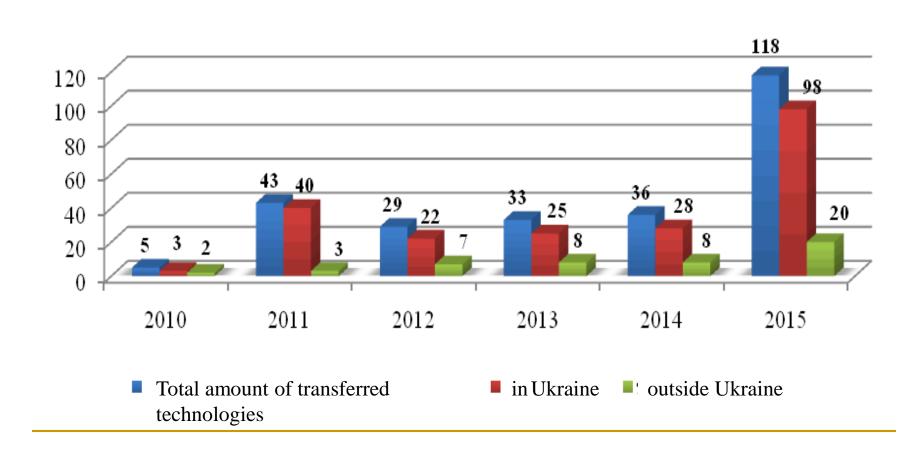
Dynamics of technologies, purchased by industrial enterprises, 2010-2015, items



The structure of technologies, purchased by industrial enterprises, by forms, 2015, %



Dynamics of technologies, transferred by industrial enterprises, 2010-2015, items



National innovation system of Ukraine: key facts and figures

978 scientific organizations
63,864 scientists
58,695 researchers
16,000 doctors of science

86,230 PhD

27,662 postgraduates

\$24 innovation active enterprises

12 technoparks

21 Science parks

49 centers of innovation and technology transfer

14 Innovative business incubators

116.008 patents on inventions

105.719 patents on useful models

31.796 patents on industrial designs

88% inventive activity of universities and research institutions

Projects of Technology Park "Y.O. Paton Institute of Electric Welding"







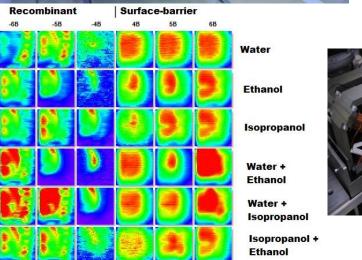


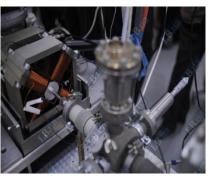
SCANNING NUCLEAR MICROPROBE

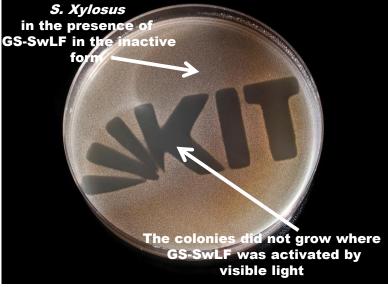
SILICON-BASED SEMICONDUCTING SENSOR (ELECTRONIC NOSE)

PHOTOCONTROL OF ANTIMICROBIAL

ACTIVITY







Science park "Kyiv polytechnic"



UNMANNED

VEHICLE





Currently, the university implements 11 projects worth 10.2 mln. UAH.

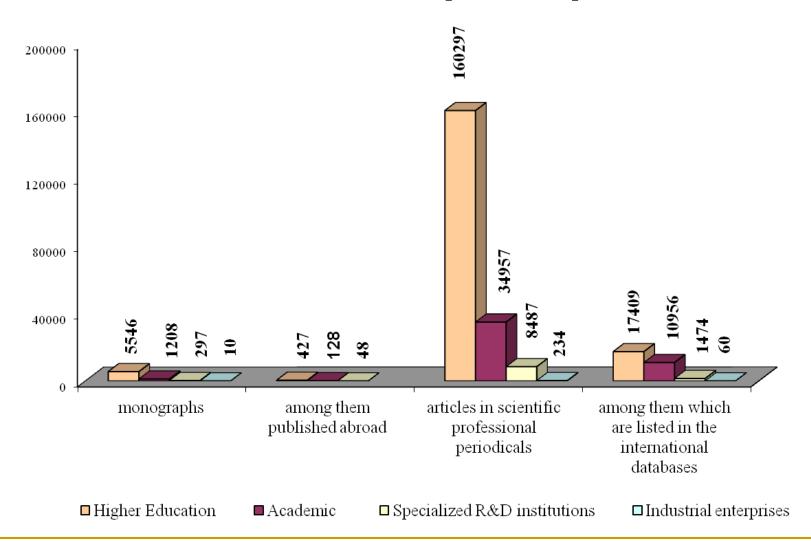
Since 2012 the Science Park hosts the annual nationwide festival innovative projects «Sikorsky Challenge».

Winners of the Festival "Sikorsky Challenge -2015" signed agreements with venture capital, investment and charitable funds for investment of development worth over 573 million UAH.

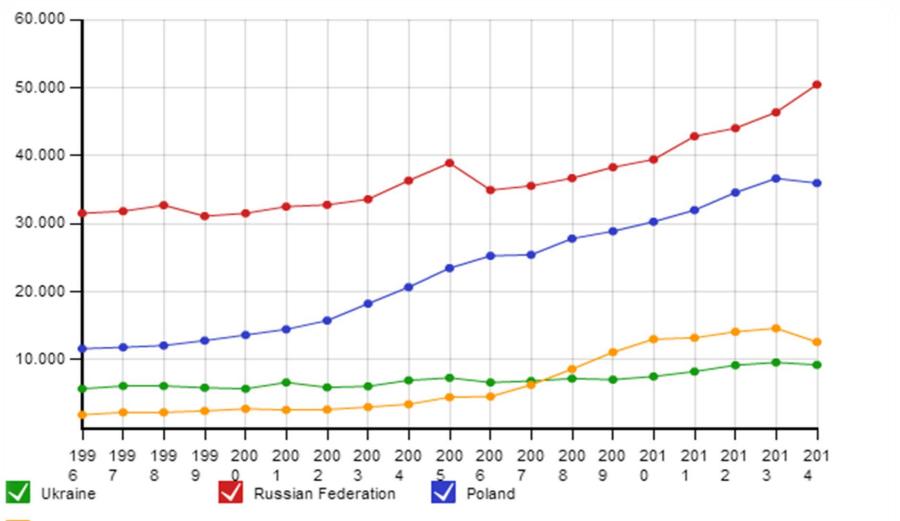


IV. Review of R&D projects results

DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLICATIONS BY SECTORS OF SCIENCE (UNITS)



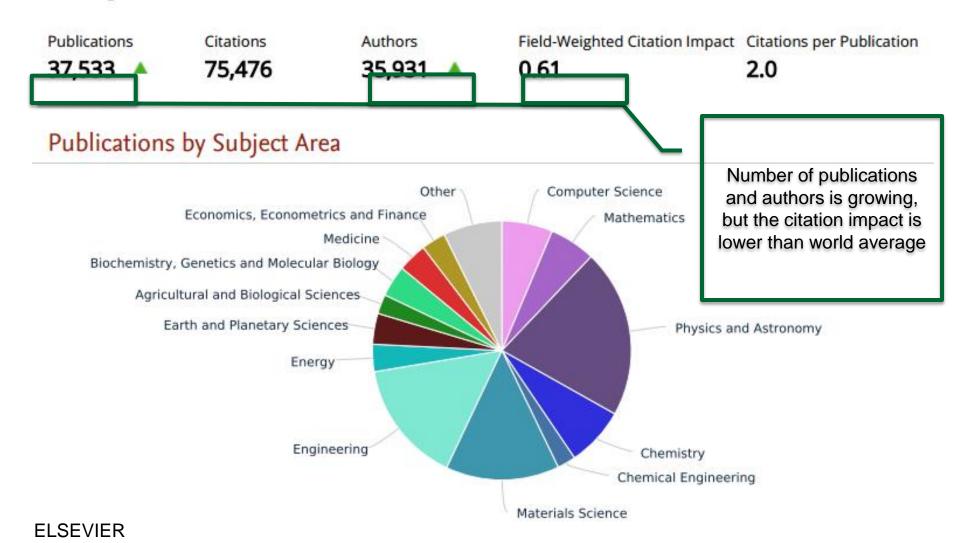
Countries ranking due to publication activity (SCImago, 2014)



Ukrainian Science Overview according to Scopus data

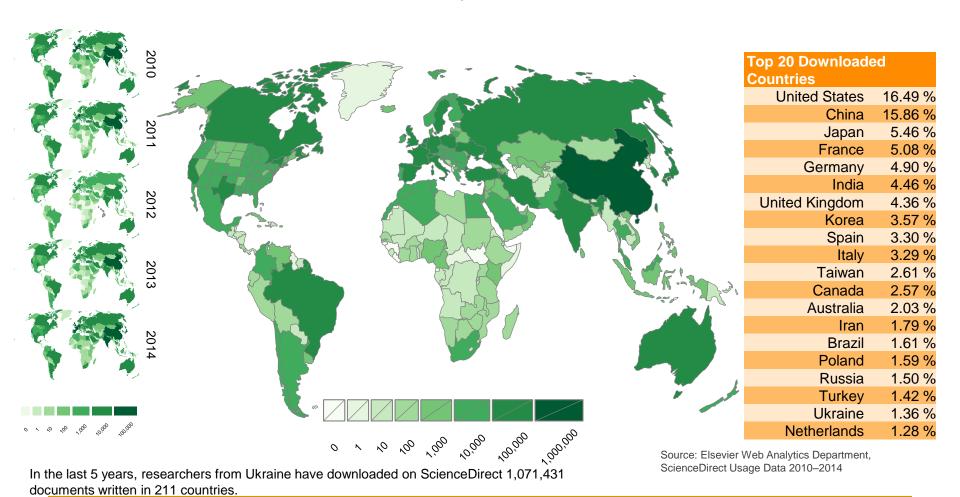
Ukraine

Year range: 2012 to 2015



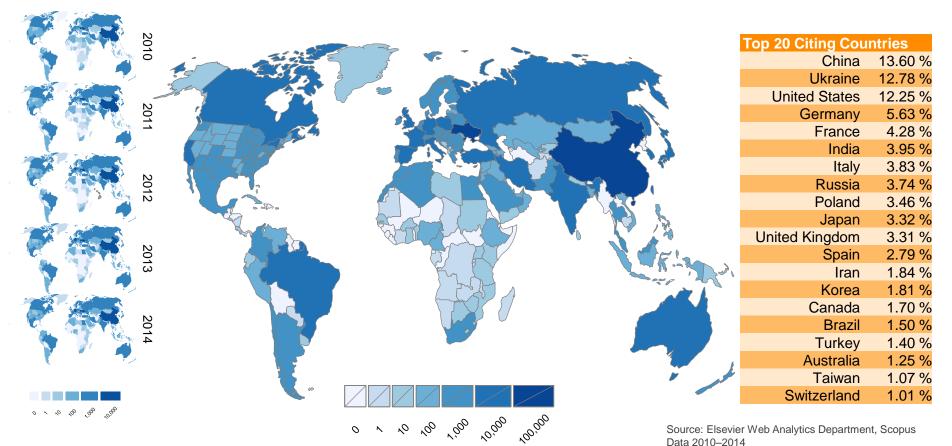
ScienceDirect brings research from all over the world to Ukraine

Where in the world do the articles downloaded by Ukrainian researchers via ScienceDirect come from?



ScienceDirect ensures research from Ukraine is used and recognised all over the world

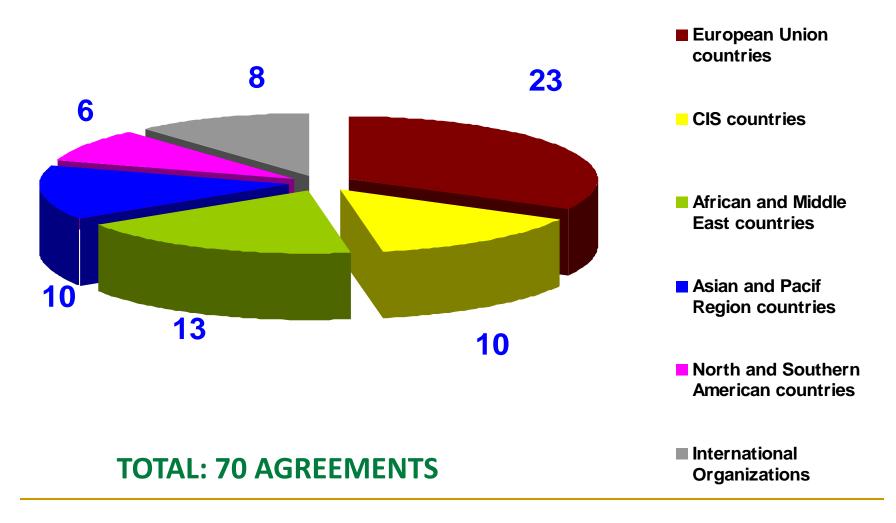
Where articles authored by Ukraine affiliated researchers and published on ScienceDirect have been cited in the world?



In the last 5 years, articles from Ukraine affiliated authors and published on ScienceDirect, have been cited 97,651 times by authors from 169 countries.

IV. International cooperation in the science and technology sector

INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS IN THE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SECTOR BETWEEN UKRAINE AND OTHER COUNTRIES



COOPERATION WITH INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND FUNDS

















- Ukraine-EU
- Ukraine-NATO
- International European Innovation Scientific and Technical Program "EUREKA"
- U.S. Civilian Research and Development Foundation (CRDF)
- European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN)
- Joint Institute for Nuclear Research (JINR)
- Organization of Black Sea Economical Cooperation (BSEC)
- Science and Technology Center in Ukraine (STCU)
- International Centre for Scientific and Technical Information (ICSTI)

UKRAINE IN HORIZON 2020





On 20 March 2015, Carlos Moedas, European Commissioner for Research, Science and Innovation and Serhiy Kvit, Minister of Education and Science of Ukraine, signed the Horizon 2020 Association Agreement.

On 27 June 2016 Ukraine joined the Euratom Research and Training Programme The agreement was signed in Brussels by Carlos Moedas, European Commissioner for Research, Science and Innovation, and Pavlo Klimkin, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Ukraine. The signing was in the presence of Petro Poroshenko, President of Ukraine.

Action Plan of Ukraine on participation in Horizon 2020

- Establishment of a joint commission on the program implementation coordination with the participation of responsible central executive authorities, NASU, etc.
- 2. Establishment of a structural unit responsible for Horizon 2020 implementation
- 3. Functioning of Program Committees Delegates; selection of the delegates
- 4. NCP activities' support
- 8. Development of a Horizon 2020 National Portal (<u>www.h2020.com.ua</u>)
- 9. Raising awareness of society on Horizon 2020 programs and activities (Promotion, Information Campaign on the permanent basis)
- 10. Peer review of National science and innovation system
- Adjustments of the national legal framework to European standards, improvement of R&D legislation (taxes, obligatory currency exchange, etc.)
- Development of Science & Business partnerships
- Involving Ukrainian scientific diaspora in Ukrainian R&D activities

Horizon 2020 First Calls Results 2014-2015-2016

459 submitted project proposals with **600** teams from Ukraine:

Higher Education Institutions– 214 teams (7.94%)

Private Institutions – 182 teams (9.89%)

Research Institutions – 149 teams (12.08%)

44 projects supported for funding with **60** teams from Ukraine and **7 601 574** Euro Budget allocated to Ukrainian participants

Success rate 9.59%

Challenges

- Russian occupation of Crimea, Donetsk and Luhansk (>5 mln population)
- 2. 1,7 mln refugees
- 27 universities and scientific institutions, over 12000 researchers and university teachers relocated from Donetsk and Luhansk to other regions (thousands of researchers and university teachers)
- 4. Budget crisis caused by war (decrease of GPD 20%)
- Inertness of main stakeholders (NAS, National branch academies)

Answers to challenges

- Implementation the Law of Ukraine "On scientific and scientific-technical activity"
- The new Law of Ukraine "On innovation activity" is to be adopted
- Ukraine should use all instruments and possibilities of Horizon-2020

Priority topics of the Peer Review of Ukrainian research and innovation system

I. Optimization of available policy instruments to support the national research system

- Which research are most promising in Ukraine in terms of potential and trends of world science development?
- How effective is the established practice to support the national research system and new tools introduced by Law "On scientific and technical activity"?
- What are the recommendations for improving these tools (in particular, the evaluation system of scientific results and scientific institutions, system of institutional and project financing, research coordination system at national level? etc.)?
- What regulatory and institutional factors and practices hinder the researches mobility (cross- sectoral, internal and external mobility)?
- How scientists and researchers mobility should be improved?

Priority topics of the Peer Review of Ukrainian research and innovation system

II. Internationalization of research and integration of Ukraine into the European Research Area

- What factors hinder the complete integration of Ukraine into ERA and what can be advised for neutralizing these factors?
- What are the priorities/priority steps for integration into the ERA, taking into account existing structure of scientific system?
- What research areas in Ukraine (in term of available capacity and program structure) are of high priority in term of participation in "Horizon 2020" projects and which tools should be used to improve the Ukrainian participation in the program?
- What mechanism can be used to enhance the interest of Ukrainian SMEs to participate in the program?
- Which EU support programs (Commission's Structural Reform Support Service) can be effectively used in Ukraine?

Priority topics of the Peer Review of Ukrainian research and innovation system

III. Role of science in Ukrainian innovations development

- Which sectors of Ukrainian economy are the highest priorities in terms of innovations implementation and which can mostly influence the further development of economy and society as a whole?
- What factors nowadays hinder the development of innovation system in Ukraine, efficient communication between the national research system and business?
- What are the recommendations for overcoming these factors, what support instrument should be established to ensure effective growth strategies?

Thank you for your attention!