

Collaboration of Space Research Institute NASU-SSAU with EC JRC on satellite monitoring for food security: background and prospects



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NASU-JRC Information day, 14.09.2016, Kiev, Ukraine

## **Context of cooperation - GEO related projects**

#### GEOGLAM

GEO <u>**GL**</u>obal <u>A</u>gricultural <u>M</u>onitoring Initiative

#### • JECAM

Joint Experiment on Crop Assessment and Monitoring

#### SIGMA

SIGMA – FP7 Project "<u>S</u>timulating <u>I</u>nnovation for <u>G</u>lobal <u>M</u>onitoring of <u>A</u>griculture"

#### • ERA-PLANET

Horizon 2020 project on European Research Area in Earth Observations





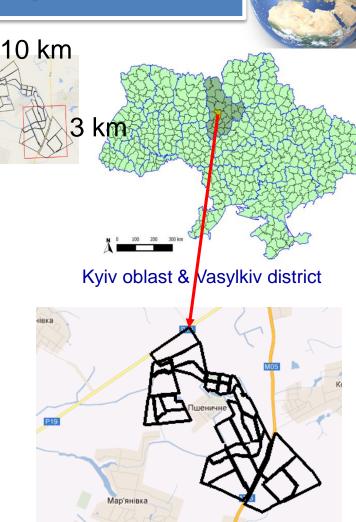




### **JECAM-Ukraine site description**

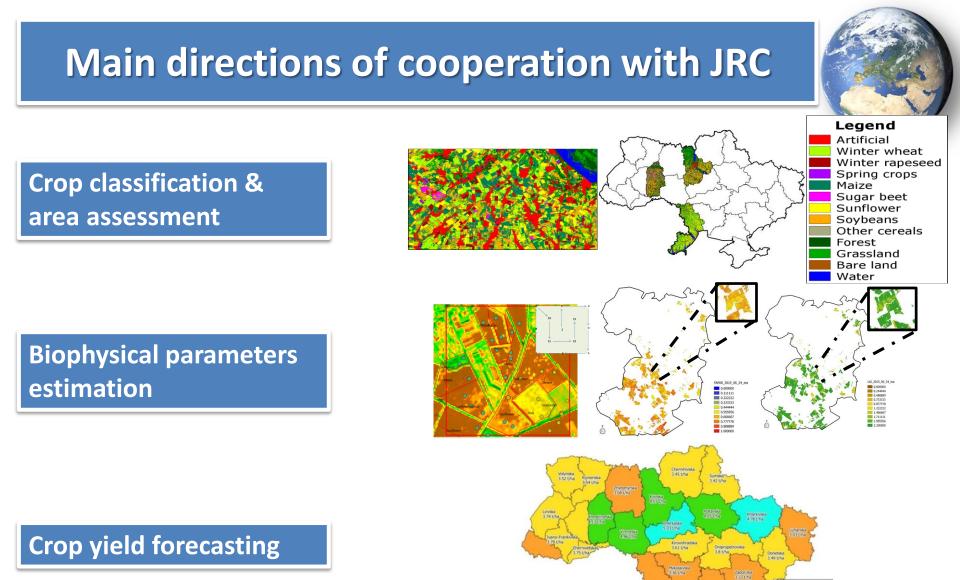
- Location: Ukraine (Kyiv oblast with area 28,000 km<sup>2</sup>; intensive observation sub-site of 25x15 km<sup>2</sup>). Centroid: lat: 50.35° N, long: 30.71° E
- Intensive agriculture area. Main crop types: winter wheat, winter rapeseed, spring barley, maize, soybeans, sunflower, sugar beet, and vegetables
- Field size: from 30 to 250 ha
- Crop calendar: Winter: September July;
  Summer: April October
- Cloud coverage can be very frequent during the growing season
- Topography: mostly flat, slope: 0% to 2%
- Soils: different kinds of chernozems
- Soil drainage is ranging from poor to welldrained. Irrigation infrastructure is limited
- Climate and weather: humid continental

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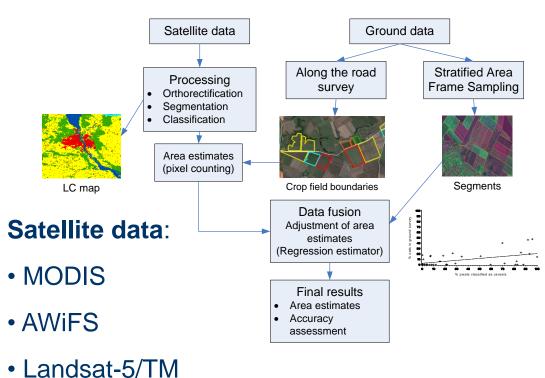
Map of intensive observation sub-site

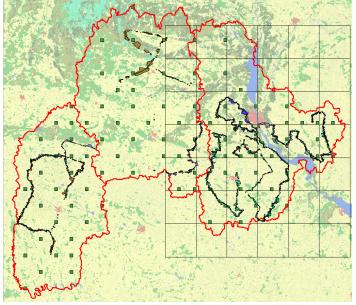




Legend Winter wheat yield, t/h 2.5:5:3.4 t/ha 3.4 - 4 t/ha 4 - 4.5 t/ha > 4.5 t/ha

• Coordinator from JRC : J.F. Gallego





Area frame sampling (segments) and along the road surveys (curves)

- LISS-III
- RapidEye

Efficiency of satellite data use for crop estimation:

Price is 1.5 lover



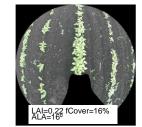
#### Project "Evaluation of the coherence between Copernicus products and crop biophysical parameters"

 Evaluation of the relationship between the crop biophysical parameters measured on field with or vegetation indices extracted from high resolution sensors; and an assessment of the uncertainties of low-resolution (1 km) biophysical products from Copernicus program.



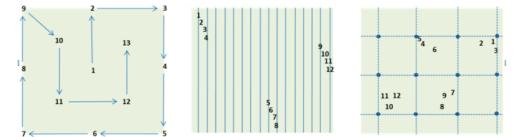


DHP imagery samples



Results of processing with CAN-EYE

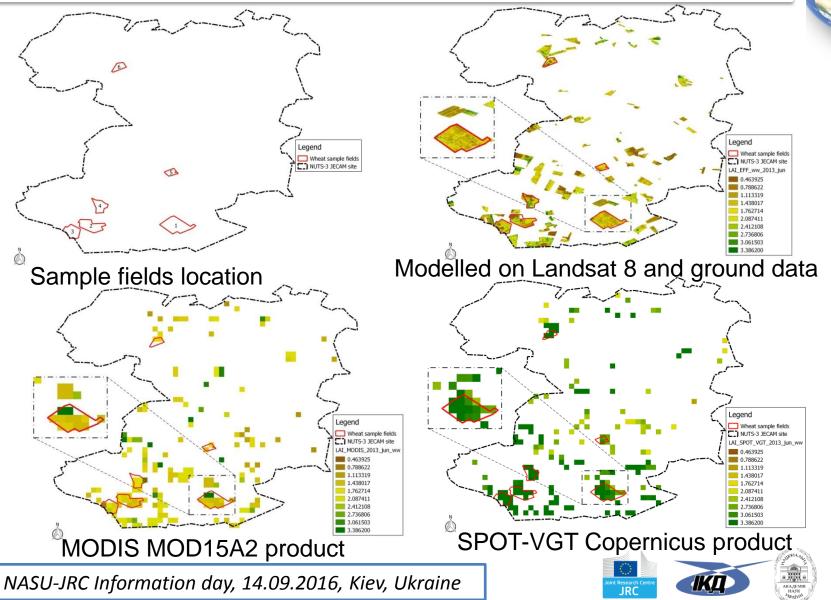




VALERI sampling strategies for random (left) or row (centre) and regularly planted vegetation (right).



# Project "Evaluation of the coherence between Copernicus products and crop biophysical parameters"

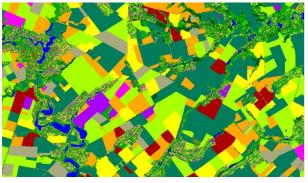


#### Project "Parcel based classification for Agricultural Mapping and Monitoring (Ukraine)"

- Joint experiment on parcel-based classification for agricultural mapping and monitoring in Ukraine.
- Study area Kiev Oblast (JECAM test site in Ukraine).
- Methods of Classification and data:
  - Proba-V and Sentinel-1/SAR, Landsat-8;
  - neural network based classifier (SRI);
  - multiple classifiers available in Google Earth Engine (GEE);
- Estimate advantages of the GEE cloud platform to efficiently process and classify large volume of remote sensing data, and as such enabling classification over large territories.



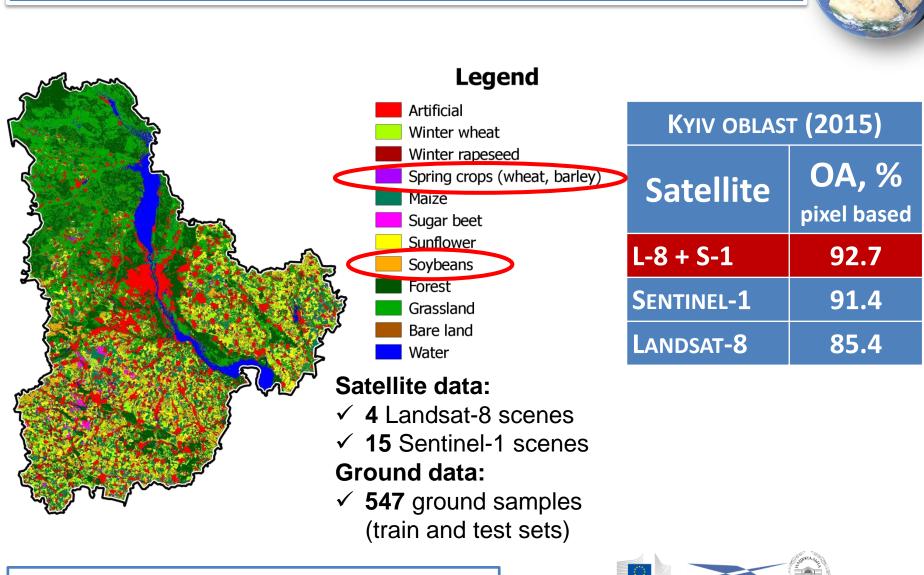
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Results of CART, GEE

### Data processing workflow

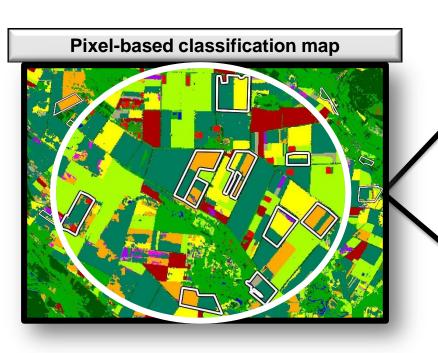
**Experiment 1. Preferable input selection** Time series Classification **Results visualisation** Analysis Input **Restored** data A: 6 images L8, A: Random Forest A: Random Forest classifier (**SRI** processed) 36 bands pixel map Confusion matrix 8 Day TOA L8 B: Random Forest B: 6 images L8, B: Random Forest (GEE catalog) classifier 36 bands pixel map Confusion matrix B TOA 2013-06-18 8 I OA 2013-06-18 8 D В NASU-JRC Information day, 14.09.2016, Kiev, Ukraine



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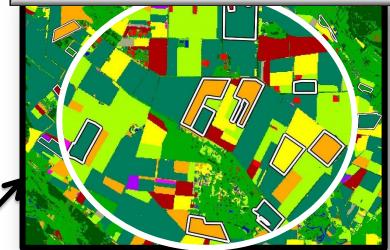
# Multi mission crop classification (2015)

### Filtration results (Kyiv oblast)

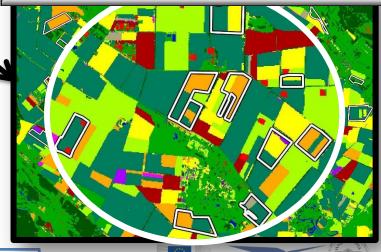


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#### A majority voting scheme

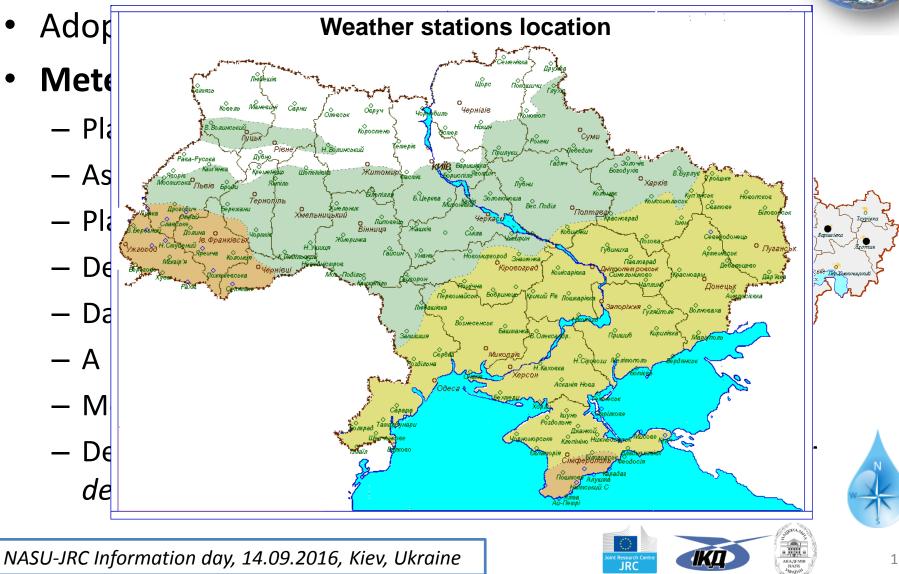


#### Method that divides parcel into the fields



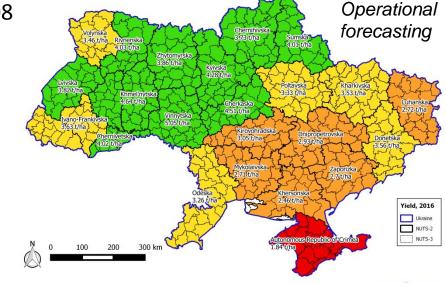
JRC

### MARS approach in Ukraine (Ukr Hvdrometcenter)



#### Crop yield forecasting: towards <u>Monitoring Agricultural</u> <u>ResourceS</u> (MARS)

- Providing products since 2011 for Ukraine:
  - ESA GLOBCOVER cropland, 300 m, 2008
  - MODIS MOD13Q1 NDVI;
  - Statistical data from State Statistics
    Service of Ukraine;
  - Up to 2 months before harvest



|       |         | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|-------|---------|------|------|------|------|
| NDVI  | RMSE    | 8.2  | 6.2  | 6.8  | 5.8  |
|       | average | 6.8  | -3.7 | -3.4 | 2    |
| FAPAR | RMSE    | 8.9  | 5.2  | 5.6  | 4.1  |
|       | average | 7.6  | -2.1 | -0.5 | 8.0  |



# Challenges and further steps



- Dedicated Program in NASU to support national priorities and cooperation with JRC;
- Implementation of MARS program for crop yield forecasting in Ukraine;
- GEOGLAM-Ukraine program in line with GEO strategic plan to provide applied scientific results of satellite crop monitoring to Ministry of Agriculture





# Thank you! natalija.kussul@gmail.com

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