

# Interregional Innovation Investment

Coordination of the Pilot Actions

Joint Event Thematic S3 Platforms

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## Structure

1/ Overview

2/ Operational results

3/ Capitalisation results





## 1/ Overview

Objectives, process and approach







The pilot action will accelerate the work done within the TSSP

Support from S3Platform and external experts

Focus: higher TRLs (>5/6 TRL) Results to feed EC's discussions for 2021-2027

Connect **Demonstrate** Commercialise Learn Scale-up

#### Following a call for expression of interest in 2017: 8 pilots were selected

▶3D Printing

► Bio-economy

- ► Cybersecurity
- ► De-&Re-manufacturing for circular economy
- ► High-tech farming
- ► Marine renewable energy
- ► Sustainable buildings
- ► Traceability and big data
- ► (2018) Batteries





### **Pilot Coordination**

- Oversight, guidance and reporting on Pilot Action (2018-2020)
  - On-going, 2-way consultation and feedback (formal and informal)
  - Quantitative analysis e.g. business modelling; projected financing needs
  - Qualitative analysis e.g. Partnership operations and dynamics
  - Articulation and coordination of Partnership support needs, incl. removal of bottlenecks
  - 8 Partnerships (2018) → 9 Partnerships (2019)
  - → concrete business cases and innovation investment
  - Caplitalisation exercise functioning and effectiveness of Partnerships
  - Interim reporting over 2 years; final reporting (June 2020, based on final outputs January 2020)
- ➤ Roles: Project Coordinator and Project Manager (Alison HUNTER and Pierre PADILLA)
  - Direct contact and engagement with Partnerships PP
  - Oversight and capitaisation AH





## **Support Mechanisms**

- Thematic expertise from a dedicated team of Commission services
- > Two overall coordinators (Alison HUNTER and Pierre PADILLA)
- 'Single partnership coordinator' (SPC) for each Partnership
- Customised support services on specific needs (dedicated team across EC services; AMI LIST external expert(s) DG REGIO)
  - business plan design
  - financial modelling
  - intellectual property rights
  - standardisation
  - market research
  - etc.
- Capitalisation exercise for the overall pilot





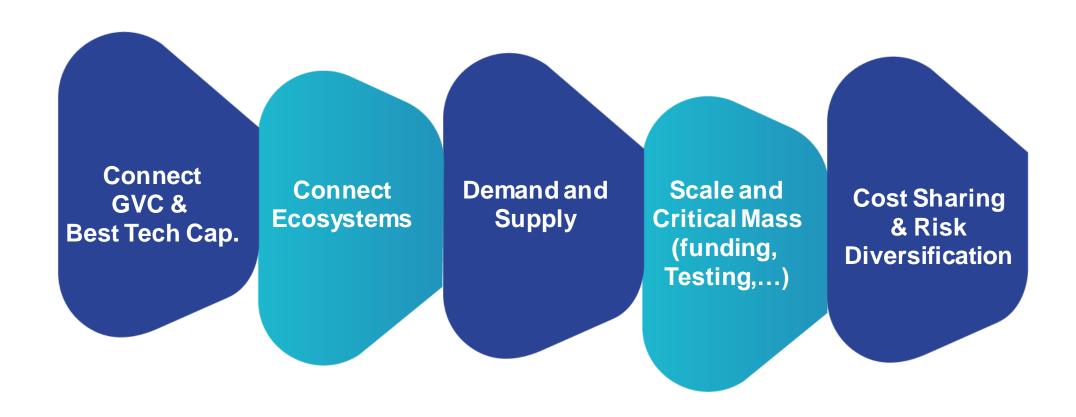
## 2/ Operational results

Eye on the business cases





## Why?







## **Overview and Granularity**

Aroo	PARTNERSHIP	RECOMMENDED FOCUS — LEVEL OF GRANULARITY  Setting up an Acceleration Programme for cybersecurity scale-ups building upon the relative acceleration strengths of each region involved.				
Area	Cybersecurity (CYBER)					
Portf.	De- and Re-Manufacturing (DRM)	Development of business cases on composite recovery from wind energy systems (and possibly other segments) which are aimed at connecting regional nodes and their technological capabilities to demonstrate the recovery of composites.				
	3D-Printing (3DP)	Setting up an Additive-Subtractive Manufacturing platform and a more specific case on the demonstration of additive manufacturing for hybrid car components.				
Project	Bio-Economy (BIO)	Demonstrating and scaling up Bio-based aromatics (Bio-aromatics) meant for the construction sector, at this stage encompassing both piloting and demonstration activities.				
	High-tech Farming (FARM)	Setting up a digital platform for agritech solutions, of which two business cases were put forward and one developed that addresses the transfer of photonic solutions to farmers.				
	Traceability and Big Data (TRACE)	Setting up a communication and traceability system for agrifood products in the form of a business-led traceability platform.				
	Sustainable Building (BUILD)	Supporting the "Smart Campus" through the commercialisation and procurement of smart solutions such as smart plugs - which appears to be the most mature case.				
	Marine and Renewable Energy (MRE)	Demonstrating the Sensing & Remote Monitoring in Marine Renewable Energy facilities.				
	Advanced Materials for Batteries (AMBP)	Setting up a portfolio of cross-regional demonstration projects to accelerate the commercialisation and market uptake of advanced materials enabling the EU battery industry				





## In practice...

	Innovation	Investment Claim and Possible Sources	Interregional Coverage
DR	Challenge: fragmentation of circular technologies and solutions to green the composite industry  Innovation: a demonstration network for de-and re-manufacturing	€108,377,036.21 (business cases) out of total investmentneed of € 309,648,674.89 + € 250,000.00 (network founding grant)	3+ Member States
В		€8,900,000.00 (overall investment) of which € 4,000,000.00 in equity and € 4,900,000.00 in grant support	3+ Member States
СҮВЕ		€1,200,000.00 (accelerator) of investment need of which € 480,000.00 in private contribution (private investors) and €720,000.00 in grant	3+ Member States
FAR	Challenge: hampered deployment of technologies enabling high-tech farming companies in wine and fresh fruits sectors  Innovation: setup of a network of demo farms to demonstrate relevant solutions and facilitate their deployment across regions	Out of €2,075,000.00, the project expects € 135,000.00 in regional funding, secured € 490,000.00 from private sector and estimates a remaining investment gap (grant) of € 1,450,000.00	3+ Member States
30	Innovation: a demonstration networtk with a developed investment case in hybrid manufacturing for automotive components	€263,400.00 out of a total of € 4,589,000.00 (business case 1) on top of € 1,000,000.00 of grant to set up the platform	3+ Member States
TRAC	Challenge: lack of transparency to the expense of consumers along the food value chain  Innovation: decentralised solution for supply chain traceability and transparency gradually building upon product groups	€1,600,000.00 in grant combined with € 500,000.00 in equity out of a € 2,100,000.00 investment portion (Naturcode who owns the platform) under the total € 3,500,000.00 project budget (but Openfields part of sub-contracting costs and margin expected to fund it)	3+ Member States
BUIL	Challenge: environmental footprint of smart campus buildings due to the slow uptake of innovative solutions  Innovation: testing and deploying innovations such as smart plugs cross-regionally	€49,500.00 financially modelled for the platform, € 90,000.00 claimed for the RTEMCS and € 300,000.00 claimed for the E3 Smart Plug	3+ Member States
MF	Challenge: opportunity costs for suppliers of components and services in the offshore windmill sector Innovation: implementing an open platform for data-based innovation in the area of marine and renewable energy	€207,737.50 out of a total of € 830,950.00 and combined with € 623,212.50 in equity	3+ Member States
AME	P Challenge: lack of technological and investment scale for the joint deployment of new materials for batteries  Innovation: series of joint demonstration cases driven by businesses focusing on commercialisation and market deployment	1) €3,240,000.002) €25,267,000.003) €5,500,000.00 (€3,300,000.00 expected in support) 4) A range between €15,000,000.00 and €20,000,000.00	3+ Member States





## Maturity Framework TRACE TRACE THE STRACE TH

RM BIO CYBER FARM BUILD MRE TRACE 3DP

1/ Case for business opportunity

1/ Case for business opportunity

Investment Plan

2/ Project Overview

3/ Market Analysis

4/ Investment project management

5/ Financials

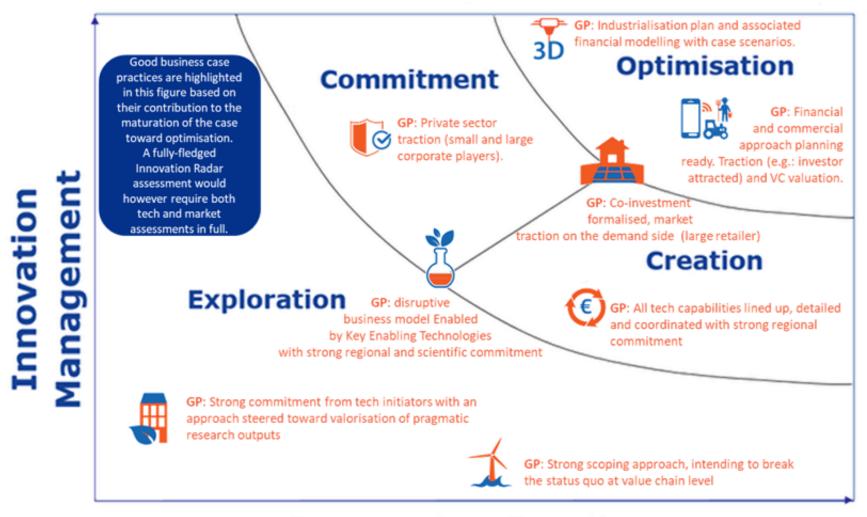
6/ Projected Effects and impacts





## **Good Practices**





#### **Innovation Readiness**





## Investing at different levels

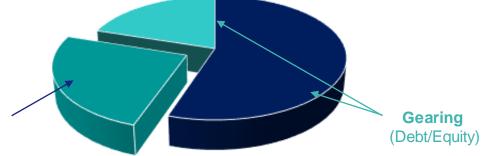
	DRM	BIO	CYBER	FARM	3DP	TRACE	BUILD	MRE
Direct	/	Υ	/	/	Υ	Υ	/	Υ
investment in								
businesses								
Portfolio	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
format								
Leverage of	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
private								
investment								
<b>Cross-regional</b>	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
rationale								





## **Target Instruments**

	DRM	BIO	CYBER	FARM	3DP	TRACE	BUILD	MRE
Equity	Y 30%	Y 45%	/	1	Y 58%	Y 15%	Y	Y 75%
Lending	1	1	1	1	Y 36%	Y & /	Y	Y & /
Alternative finance	1	1	1	1	1	1	Y	1
Private contribution	Y 35%	Y	Y 40%	Y 24%	Υ	Y 40%	Y	Y
Hybrid	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Grant	Y 30%	Y 55%	Y 60%	Y 70% + 6% (regio)	Y 6% (case)	Y 45%	Y	Y 25%
					+ €1M (100% Platf)			











**Investment Gap** 



## Opening the box

- 1) Platform VS Operational service provision
- 2) Development VS Deployment

3) Tech & Sector Variations (e.g. Digital VS Circular)

Strategic Choices with Implications





## **Business Cases - Selected Highlights**

#### 1) De-Risking

- Tech risk + Fin./Company risk (young, covenants, etc.)
- Coordination = Cost (~"SG&A")
- Failure → cross-regional (asymmetry + lack of critical mass inc. risk capital)

#### 2) From Due Diligence to Funds Distribution

- Expertise (assessment + monitoring)
- Cascading VS Central mode

#### 3) Points of attention

- Demonstrate <u>strong</u> market orientation
- Investment = revenues = Financial Plan
- Industry





## Pilot Action: Selected Impacts

#### 1) Accelerated Maturity

- Pre-commitments of investment/purchases/lead-user involvement
- Bonding Regional Ecosystems
- Champion Cases

#### 2) Spill-overs

- New collaborations
- Unlocked Funding From Mainstream programmes (e.g. H2020)
- Less advanced regions





## 3/ Capitalisation results

Eye on the partnerships





## Capitalisation Exercise and Smart Regions 2019

#### 1) Capitalisation Exercise:

- 14 regions from across 9 Partnerships, each involved in between 1 and 7 Partnerships
- Depth, semi-structured interviews (11) triple helix partnerships
- 54 stakeholders (14 private sector; 20 research / science; 25 public sector) → stronger 'policy' perspective

#### 2) Smart Regions 2019:

- 'Learning from Triple-Helix Perspectives' (5 regions from group above)
- Shared 'stories' and insights based on challenges, successes, learning and practices





## **Key Findings - Capitalisation Exercise**

- Different expectations and perceptions of 'success' from Partnerships and domestic contexts
- Across regions, a clear spectrum of innovation capacity
- Key barrier to sustainability of effort: deficit in domestic, senior/ political commitment and financial investment 'know-how'
- Towards building robust foundations for S3 Partnerships landscape







 Relationship between S3 interregional collaboration and adopting a market-led, value chain orientation

Spillovers and network effects

- Core characteristics of effective Partnerships:
  - Partnership: Permanent coordination function / support (SPC)
  - Domestic: Strong domestic support and governance structures (vs 'gatekeeping')
  - Domestic / Partnership: Innovation investment capacity
  - EU: Streamlined access to technical knowledge / expertise



## S3 Partnerships - overview of challenges



- Incomplete Single Market
- No financial support for 'transactional' costs
- No tried and tested joint innovation investment 'roadmap'
- Domestic innovation investment environments patchy
- Governance blockages:
- TSSP landscape
- in Partnership
- connecting to domestic governance







- The additionality of the Pilot (speed, finances, focus, resources)
- Clear evidence of interregional funding gap
- Evidence of market failures:
- Information deficiencies
- Co-ordination failures
- Non-rival information





# Establishing a post-2020 legacy for S3 Partnerships and joint innovation investment

- Valuing learning within & across S3 Partnerships
- Strategic planning & coordination of support needs
- Addressing gaps / weaknesses across EU innovation investment landscape
- Performance management:
- Define 'success'
- Allow failure
- Post-2020 EU innovation investment policy reduce fragmentation and improve connectivity





## Thanks!

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