



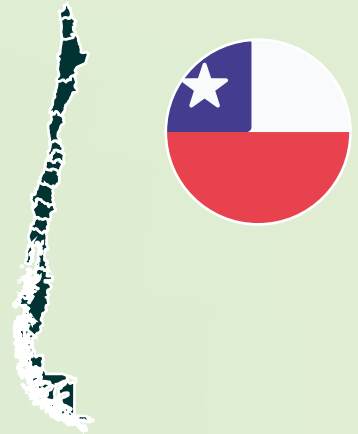
SMART SPECIALISATION WORLDWIDE

08/2018

REPUBLIC OF CHILE

#S3Worldwide
#SmartSpecialisation

- 🌐 42nd largest economy in the world (WB, 2016)
- 👤 Population: 17 909 754 (WB, 2016)
- 📈 GDP: 247 028 USD million (WB, 2016)
- 🌐 Global Innovation Index 2017: 46/127 (WIPO, 2017)
- 🌐 Global Competitiveness Index 2017-2018: 33/137 (WEF, 2017-2018)
- 🏢 Research and development expenditure: 0.383% of GDP (OECD, 2015)



🔗 Bilateral Framework

- EU-Chile Framework Agreement for Cooperation
- EU-Chile Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation
- EU-Chile Association Agreement
- EU-Chile Free Trade Agreement
- EU-Chile Dialogue on regional policy

🔗 Chile's Experience

In 2010, Chile and the EU established a formal dialogue on regional policy, focused on the exchange of knowledge and the development of regional innovation strategies in Chile. The design and implementation of regional innovation agendas has generated a constructive exchange between stakeholders of Chile and the EU. The Smart Specialisation Platform organised the Policy learning dialogue: "Smart Specialisation in EU and Chile, common challenges and opportunities" to learn from the experiences and discuss about challenges linked to Smart Specialisation strategies in the EU and similar initiatives in Chile. (JRC, 2017)

📋 EU projects and activities with Chile

- EU-CELAC Joint Initiative on Research and Innovation
- International Urban Cooperation (IUC Project)
- INNOVACT (Cross-border innovation support)
- Chile (eligible for funding) in Horizon 2020
- ALCUE NET (Latin America, Caribbean and European Union Network on Research and Innovation)
- EU-CELAC Common Research Area
- ORU FOGAR: Smart Specialisation Project in Latin America

📋 Results so far

25 strategic specialisation programmes have been implemented through specific funding enabled by the Innovation Fund for Competitiveness (FIC). These programmes are distributed at national, meso-regional and regional levels and cover 7 strategic sectors (Mining; Healthy Food; Sustainable Tourism; Sustainable Construction; Health Technologies; Fishing and Aquaculture and Creative Economy) (JRC, 2017). Chile also launched calls, such as a private-public call for projects: "capital humano para la innovación", whose objective is stimulating R&D in SMEs while contributing to employment creation.