



Building S3 Monitoring Systems: Evidence from the EU

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The work of the JRC

Concept development

Policy Brief "Monitoring Mechanisms for Smart Specialisation Strategies" Handbook "Implementing Smart Specialisation Strategies"

Evidence

Survey of policy makers' experience & perception **Case studies**

Monitoring Working Group – hands on experience with policy makers **PXL Workshops** on S3 Monitoring

Training MOOC on Monitoring Smart Specialisation Strategies



Questions for today



How are EU regions/Member States developing their S3 monitoring system?

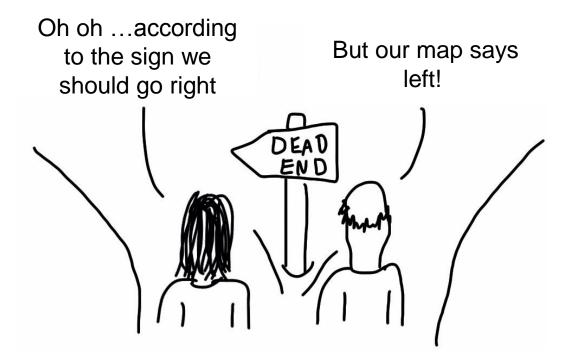


What are their expectations and difficulties in this process?



Why monitoring?

Reality can diverge from expectations...



...we want to know when it happens and decide consequently!



Monitoring as a learning tool

Policy Learning function

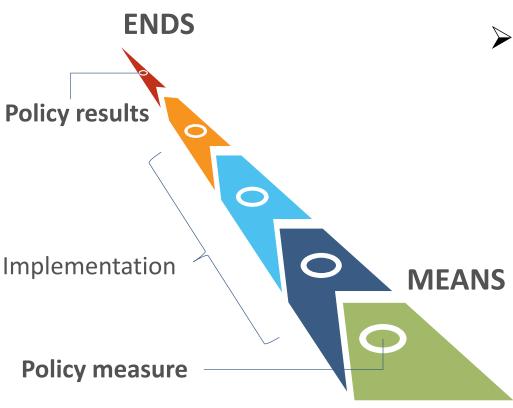
Tracking policy processes and outcomes to:

- Quickly reflect on this evidence and, in case of relevant deviation from expectations
- Intervene during policy implementation and change some aspects of the intervention



Why do we need to learn?

...we live in an uncertain world!

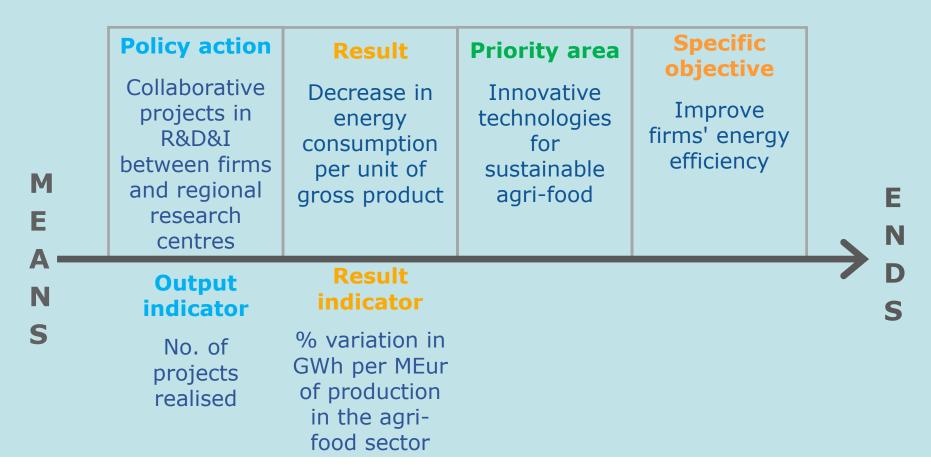


➤ The causal relationship between ENDS and MEANS is not fully predetermined

➤ We must rely on emerging empirical evidence to support, update, modify the theory of cause-effect at the basis of our policy design



Elements of a monitoring system for S3





Empirical evidence

Quantitative data

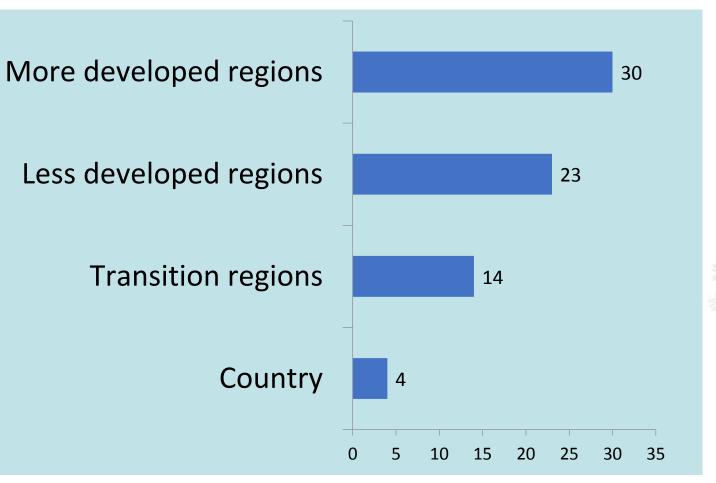
• JRC Survey on S3 experience

Qualitative data

- Workshops
 - Peer Exchange and Learning
 - Monitoring Working Group



S3 Survey 71 valid responses





The RIS3 experience: a challenging but satisfactory exercise

RIS3 is a demanding policy in terms of policy intelligence, skills and capabilities for public authorities and stakeholders (89% of respondents agree or strongly agree)

Smart Specialisation experience is **positively valued** (66% of survey respondents are very or extremely satisfied; 77% more developed regions)



Improvements promoted by the RIS3 process

Radical/Substantial improvements No/

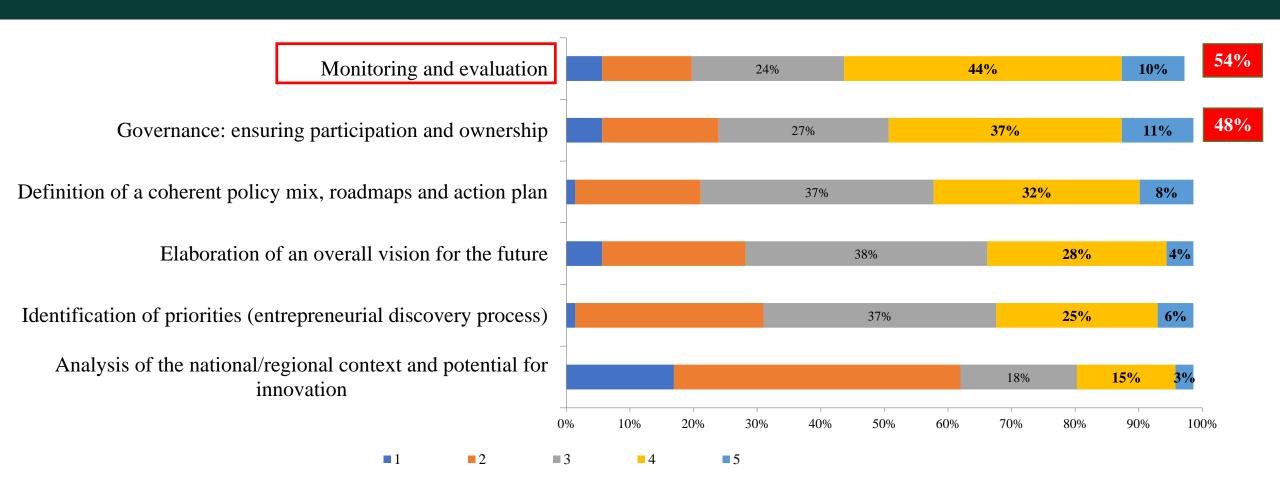
- Stakeholder engagement
- Prioritisation process
- Concentration of funding
- Level of trust

No/Minor improvements

- Quality and effectiveness of monitoring activities
- Strategies' outward-looking perspective
- Progress toward economic transformation



Setting up a monitoring system is not easy!





Main challenges/problems with respect to the RIS3 exercise

Analysis of the context and potential for innovation		 Lack of data and/or data availability when needed Lack of evaluation studies and monitoring information on past policies 	
	Monitoring activities	 Lack of data and/or data availability when needed Lack of evaluation studies and monitoring information on past policies Lack of skills and capabilities within the (regional/national) administration 	
Policy-mix and policy instruments Priority selection		 Obstacles associated with the different rules governing diverse funding sources Synergies among policies and funding managed by different institutions placed on different level (EU, national, regional) 	
		3. Difficulties in managing/financing interregional collaborative projects4. Lack of skills and capabilities within the regional/national administration5. Difficulties in getting enterprises involved	
		 Difficulties in getting enterprises involved Lack of skills and capabilities in some groups of stakeholders Difficulties in getting civil society groups involved 	



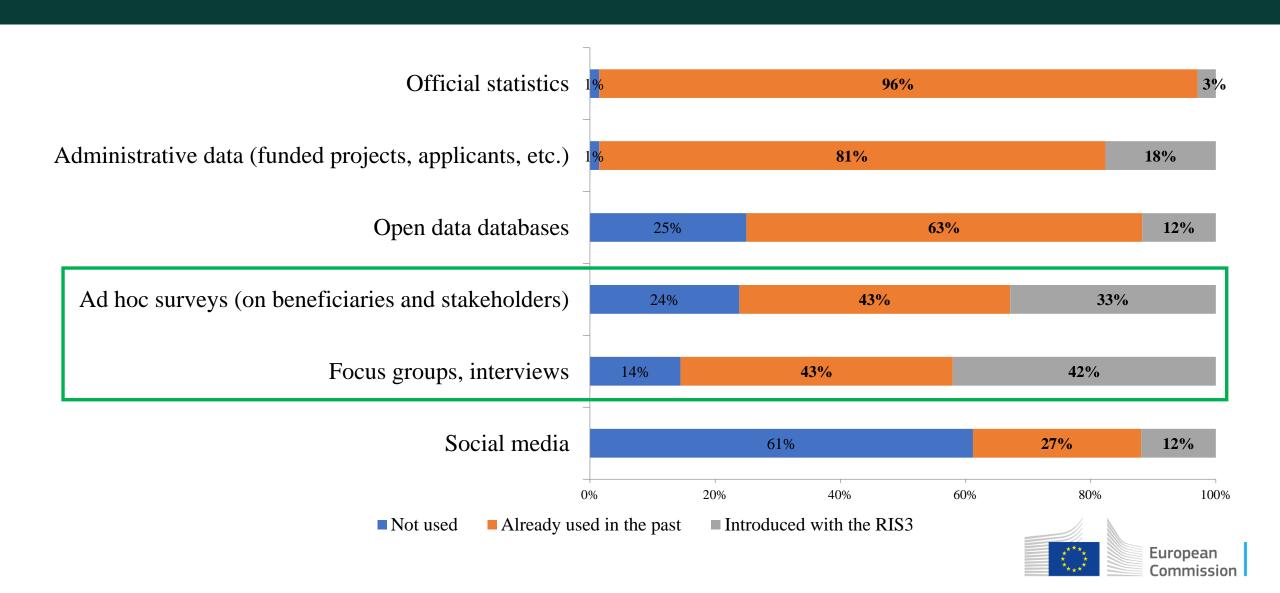
More resources devoted to monitoring

National and regional authorities are devoting more resources to monitoring: three thirds of respondents declared that a specific team is currently assigned to RIS3 monitoring. In several cases (32%), new teams for RIS3 monitoring were created.

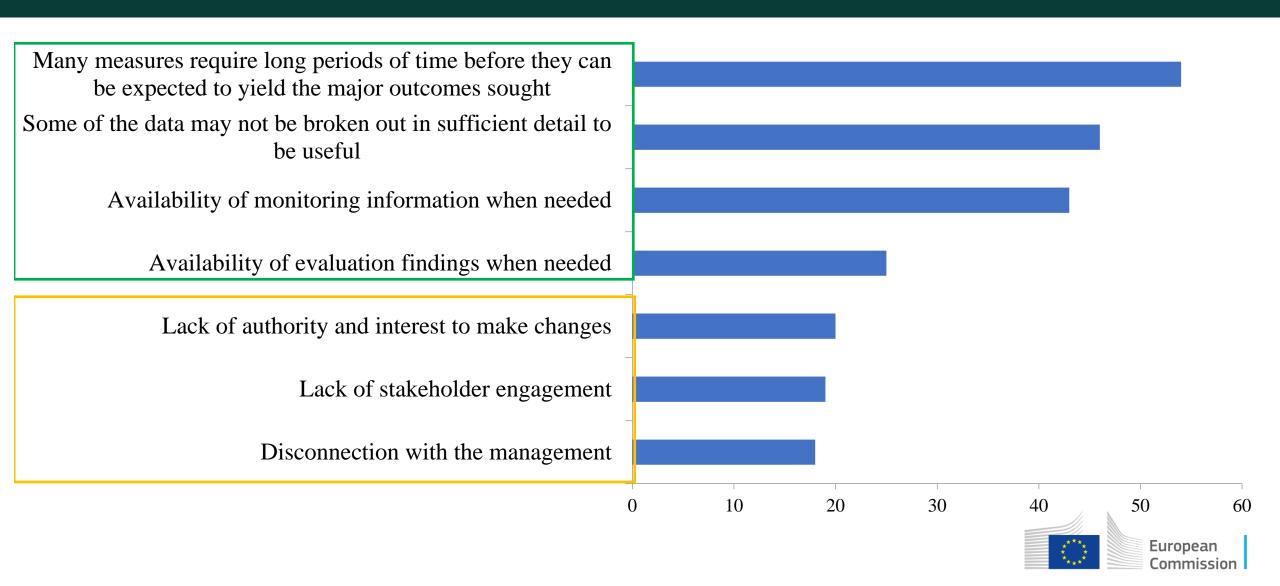
Monitoring goes well beyond mere audit requirements



Increased use of new data sources for monitoring



Main obstacles to the use of monitoring and evaluation information to improve strategy performance and policy making



Qualitative results: more challenges than meet the eye

SKILLS AND RESOURCES

- Statistics, research, communication, etc.
- Investment in time and effort

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

- Nice idea, but...
- Elite capture, conformism, paralysis

POLITICAL CHALLENGES

 Lack of supports, as results may be perceived as negative

EMPIRICAL CHALLENGES

timely

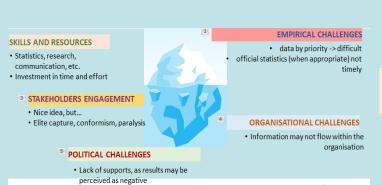
 data by priority -> difficult official statistics (when appropriate) not

ORGANISATIONAL CHALLENGES

 Information may not flow within the organisation



...and this is only the beginning







Our proposition...



Monitoring is not what it seems!

We can't do much but...

Intellectually challenging, conceptually rewarding



 Organisational, Social, Administrative, Political dimensions

Our proposition...



Scholars

....we can build a bridge...

- Common vocabulary
- Understand incentives/goals



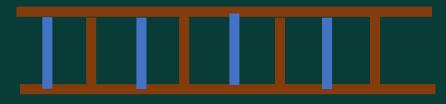
Practitioners

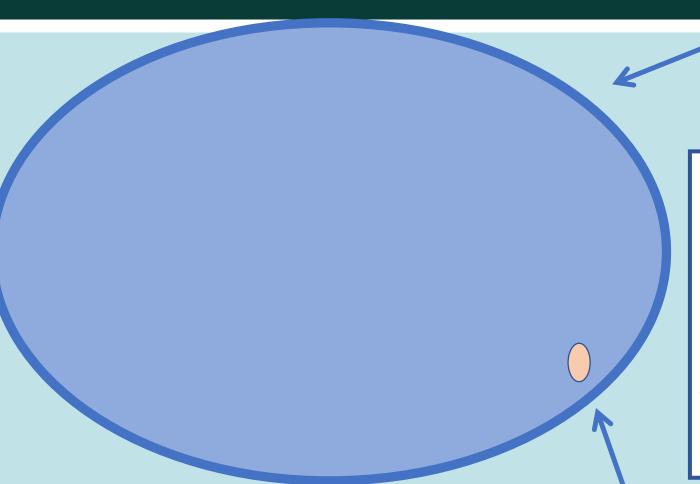
Understand, legal and administrative framework, competences and capacities

Understand where research opportunities lie



To conclude – the big picture





Fact-based view of the world

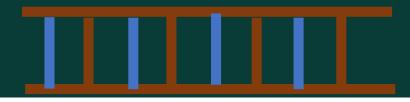
- very important
- very difficult
- requires constant effort and collaboration

Today we hope to create the space for a meaningful reflection!

S3 Monitoring and Evaluation







Any questions?

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