

Methodological insights on S3 revisions: the importance of monitoring

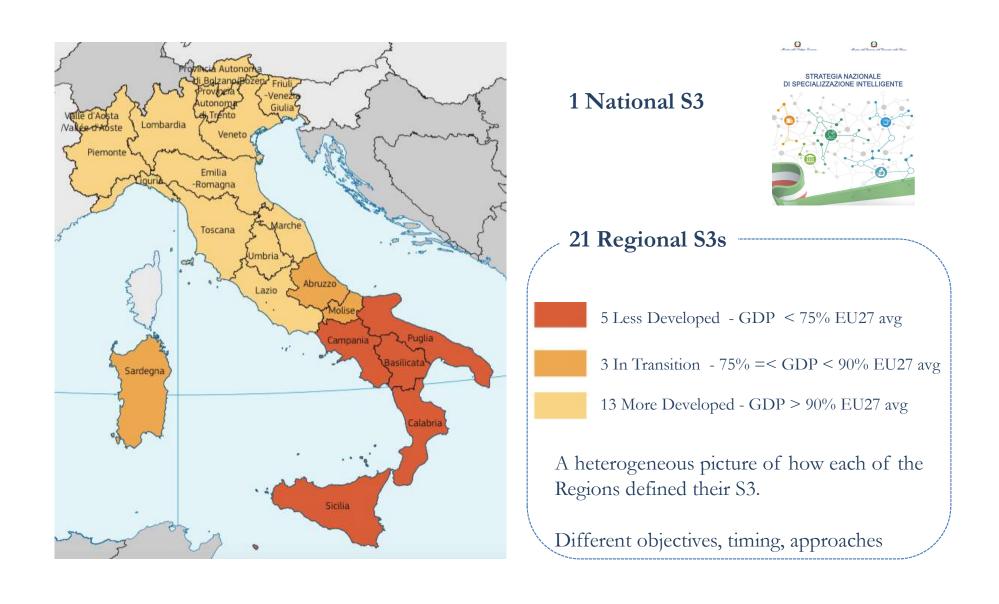
Federica Bertamino

National Agency for Territorial Cohesion

12 December 2018



Smart Specialisation in Italy: regional and national dimension



The 21 regional S3s

- Regions are characterized by different:
 - levels of administrative abilities;
 - implementation structures;
 - levels of experience in managing R&I policies.
- Regional S3s were approved with different timing (from 2014 to 2017)
 - different stages
 - different needs to revise their strategies

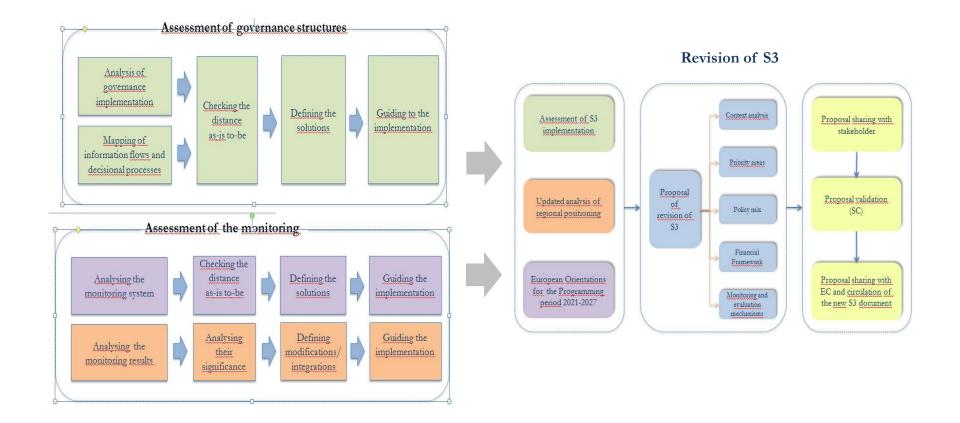
Different stages of S3s

• All the regions planned to have a mid term revision in 2018/2019

To date:

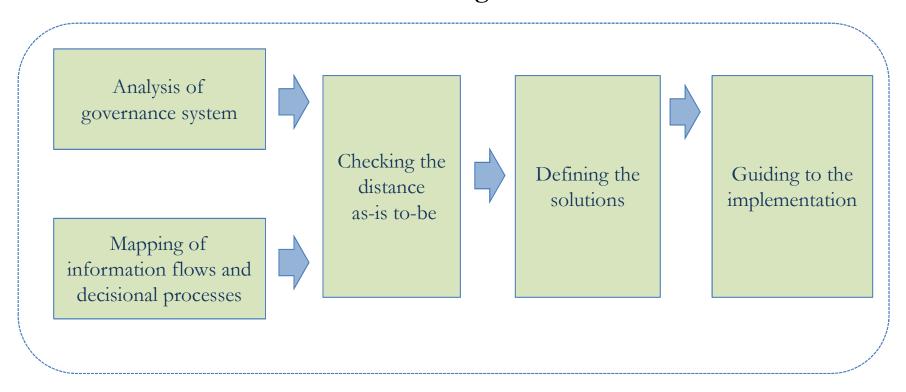
- Valle D'Aosta, Lombardia, Friuli have already revised
- Emilia Romagna, Toscana, Umbria have begun the updating process

Methodological insights on S3 revisions

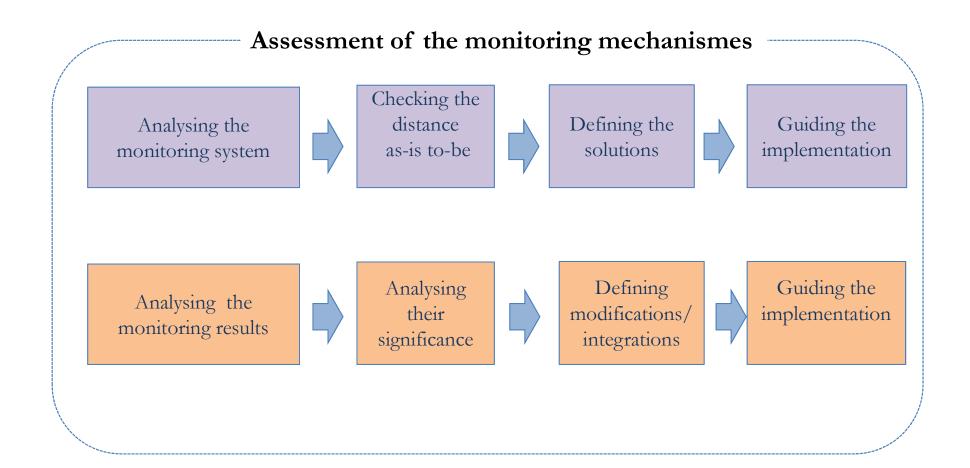


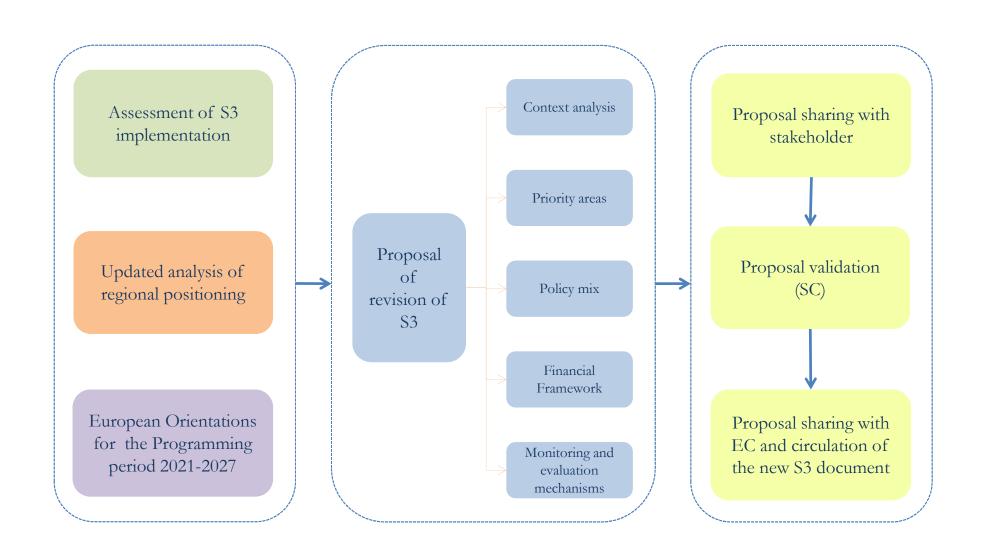
Precondition A - Governance

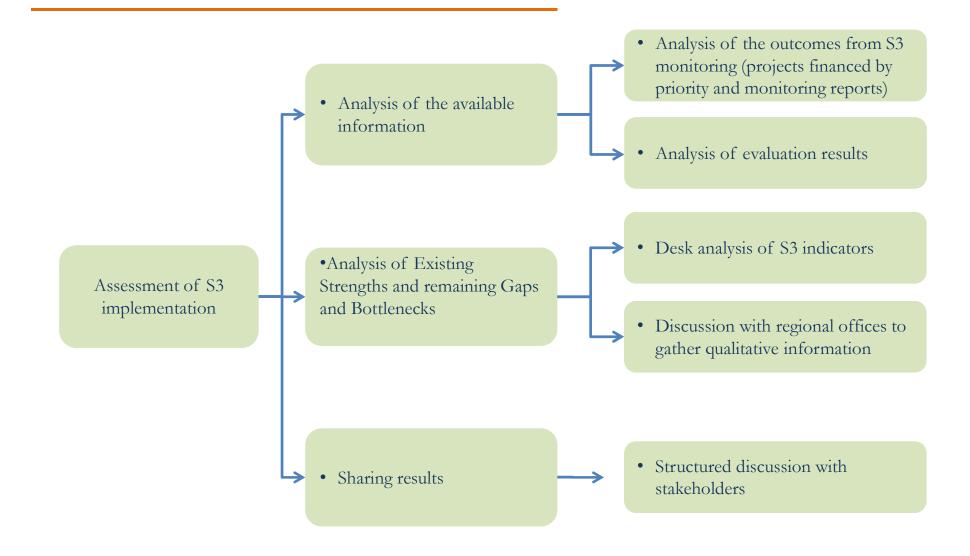
Assessment of regional structures

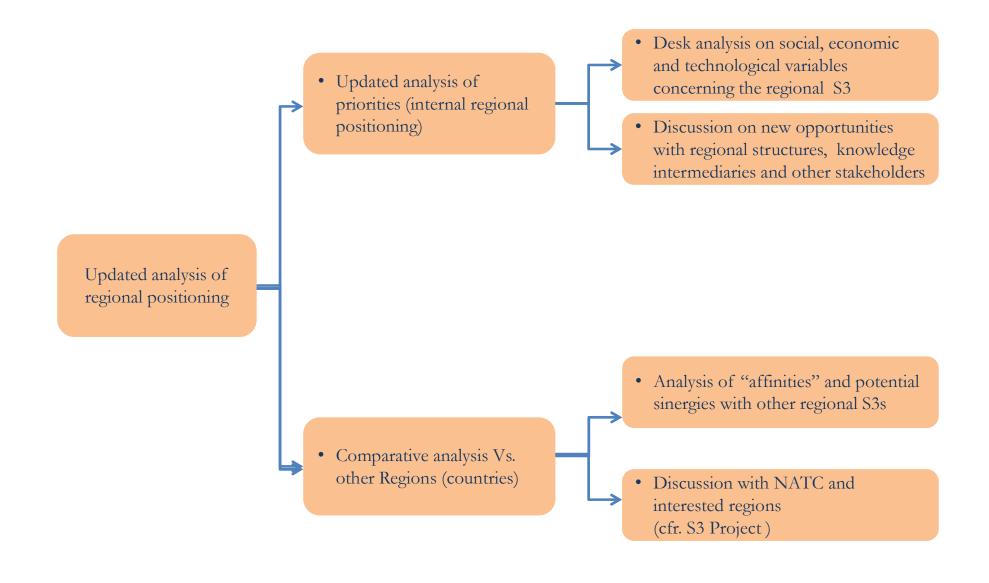


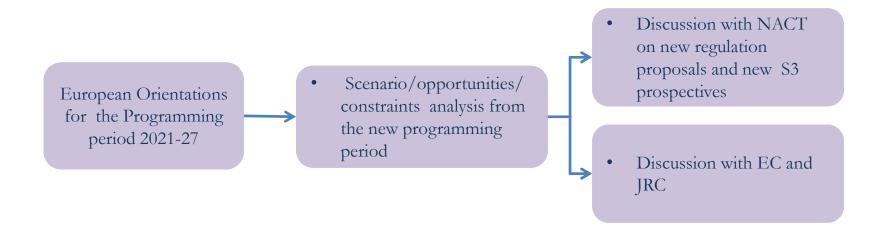
Precondition B - Monitoring











Final considerations

- **Experimental exercice**: up to now it has been implemented in only 2 regions, Sicily and Umbria
- **Sicily** is a less developed region and it is still working on the preconditions (governance and monitoring), even if has planned the S3 revision in 2019.
- **Umbria** is classified as a region more developed, the S3 of Umbria was approved in 2014, now they are revising their strategy and they have a good governance structure.
- This instrument will be gradually introduced in all the regions
- Territories need taxonomies and standards: they must be free to make their strategic choices, but once they have made them, they need clear and standardized instruments and codes to refer to.

Thank you!

federica.bertamino@agenziacoesione.gov.it